COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT





Fiscal Year:

July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017

FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Brian G. Gabriel, Sr. Mayor

Paul Ostrander City Manager

Prepared by Finance Department

Terry A. Eubank, CPA Finance Director

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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November 20, 2017

Honorable Mayor Brian Gabriel, City Council Members and Citizens of the City of Kenai, Alaska

In accordance with Section 29.35.120 of the Alaska Statutes and the City Charter, we are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2017 The financial statements were prepared in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Kenai. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by BDO USA, LLP., a firm of independent certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of broader State and federally mandated "Single Audits" designed to meet the special needs of State and federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with certain legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Reports.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the City of Kenai

The City was incorporated in 1960 as a home rule city and its charter was adopted May 20, 1963. The City occupies a geographic area of approximately 45 square miles located in the south central part of the state of Alaska. Major city services include police, fire, ambulance, airport, street maintenance, recreation, parks, building inspection, water and sewer, dock, cemetery and library. Funding for the City's General Fund, by order of financial significance,

is provided from sales tax, intergovernmental revenue, property tax, charges for services, other sources and interest earnings. Other funds rely on charges for services, interest earnings, grants and other sources.

The City operates under a council - manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of six members and the mayor. The city manager, attorney and clerk are appointed by the council. The council and mayor are elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve three-year staggered terms, with 2 members elected each year and are elected at large. The mayor is elected at large and serves a three-year term. The city manager is the City's chief executive officer and is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government and for hiring the heads of the various departments.

Budgetary Control

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments submit budgets to the city manager on or about the last Monday in February. The city manager uses these requests for developing a proposed budget. The city manager submits the proposed budget to the council at the first regular council meeting in April. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and generally adopts the budget by ordinance at the first meeting in June. The city manager is authorized to make budget transfers within a fund for amounts less than \$5,000. Council action is required for transfers between funds, for transfers exceeding \$5,000 and for new appropriations. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an annual budget has been adopted.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition Economy

The primary private sector portions of Kenai's economy are oil and gas, commercial fishing, tourism and retail sales. The future holds challenges for oil and gas in the Cook Inlet region. Oil and natural gas exploration and development in Cook Inlet are likely to slow with the elimination of State of Alaska tax credits coupled with the current market price for these commodities. The proposed gas pipeline from the North Slope to Cook Inlet would greatly enhance the long-term viability of the areas industrial complex. The State of Alaska is working with the gas producers and other interested entities to develop a gas pipeline, but when a gas line will be built is not known at this time.

The proposed Pebble Mine, which is across Cook Inlet from Kenai, continues to be in the news for its world class prospects for copper, gold and molybdenum. Actual production will be years in the future, but Kenai's airport could be a much busier place if the project gets all of the permits required for operation.

Commercial fishing has had some good years recently in terms of production. The 2017 fishing season saw low return of sockeye salmon to peninsula rivers but signs of recovery for chinook salmon. Fishing is expected to continue to be an important component of the Kenai economy.

With the continued recovery of the United States economy, tourism increased this fiscal year. The unique dipnet fishery at the mouth of the Kenai River, where tens of thousands of Alaskans catch a year's supply of sockeye salmon in July, makes Kenai a busy and very popular place. Accessible beaches, beautiful scenery, fishing and abundant historic sites all make Kenai a great destination for tourists on the Kenai Peninsula. Tourism is expected to remain a vital component of the Kenai economy.

Sales tax is the largest revenue source for the City. Retail sales businesses generate the largest share of sales tax revenue. Sales tax revenues for the current fiscal year did not meet projections but the year over year loss in sales has been slowing. The decline in taxable sales is largely attributed to the slow-down in Alaska's economy caused by a combination the state's revenue crisis and low commodity prices for oil and natural gas.

Overall, the projection for the economy of Kenai is optimistic. Kenai is situated in a beautiful area with abundant land and natural resources, an accommodative business climate, and a stable population base.

Long term financial planning

General Fund, fund balance increased slightly to \$10.5 million in FY 2017. A General Fund, Fund Balance of \$10.5 million represents approximately 70% of one year's of expenditures and transfers to other funds. This healthy fund

balance provides options for the City and generates interest income that can be used for operations. The City developed and implemented a fund balance policy during FY 2017. The new policy establishes a target range of fund balance with required adjustment periods should fund balance exceed or drop below the targeted range.

One of the larger financial challenges facing the City is the loss of State funding for major capital improvement projects. Kenai, like all Alaska communities, benefited from history of state grants for the construction of City facilities and infrastructure. With the decline in oil and gas revenues by the State of Alaska, such grants are very unlikely in the near future and the City will have to find creative ways to construct new and maintain its existing facilities and infrastructure. The City's excellent financial condition is a tremendous asset in meeting this challenge.

The City is actively pursuing economic development opportunities and the long-term financial outlook is positive.

Award

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Kenai for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgment

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in a timely manner was accomplished with the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Due credit should also be given to the City Council for their efforts in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Paul Ostrander, City Manager

Terry A. Eubank, CPA Finance Director

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Government Finance Officers Association

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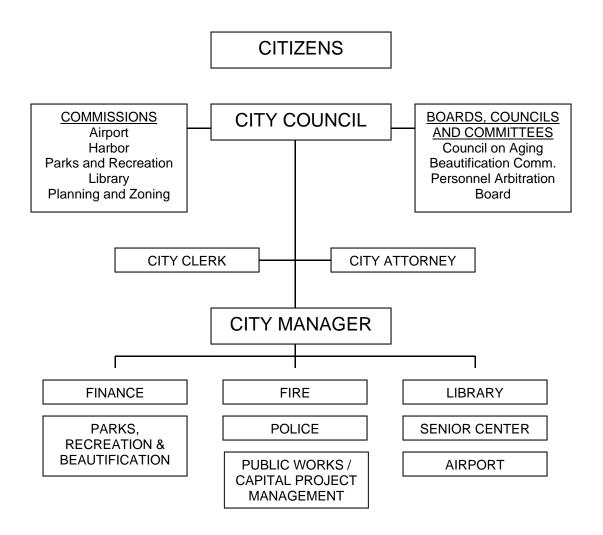
City of Kenai Alaska

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

City of Kenai Organization Chart



CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA ORGANIZATION AND PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS

Kenai was founded in 1791. It is located south of Anchorage on Cook Inlet in the Central Kenai Peninsula. The City is 161 highway miles from Anchorage. By air, Kenai is three hours from Seattle and thirty minutes from Anchorage.

Kenai was the site of the first major Alaskan oil strike in 1957 and has served as a center for exploration and production since that time. Commercial fishing and processing contribute to the economy.

Kenai adopted the Council Manager form of government in 1963 and has been operating under this form since that time.

The City Council, together with appointed City officials, meets the first and third Wednesday of each month in the City Administration Building for regular Council sessions. In addition, numerous special meetings and work sessions are scheduled throughout the year. The Council, which consists of the Mayor and six council members, is elected at large and on a non-partisan basis. Annual elections are held in October. The terms of office are three years but are overlapping so that the City is provided with a continuity of knowledge in City business and legislative matters.

	City Council	Term Ends
Mayor	Brian G. Gabriel, Sr.	2019
Council Members	Henry Knackstedt Tim Navarre Robert Molloy Michael Boyle Jim Glendening Glenese Pettry	2017 2017 2018 2018 2019 2019

City Administration

City Manager	Paul Ostrander
Finance Director	Terry A. Eubank
Acting City Clerk	Jamie Heinz
City Attorney	Scott Bloom
Police Chief	David Ross
Fire Chief	Jeff Tucker
Public Works Manager	Sean Wedemeyer
Librarian	Mary Jo Joiner
Parks & Recreation Director	Robert Frates
Airport Manager	Mary Bondurant
Senior Center Project Director	Rachael Craig

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Kenai, Alaska

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Kenai, Alaska, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Kenai's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Kenai as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 13 through 19, the budgetary comparison information on pages 53 through 60, and the Schedules of Net Pension Liability and Pension Contributions on pages 61 and 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Kenai's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2017, on our consideration of City of Kenai's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Kenai's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anchorage, Alaska November 20, 2017

BDO USA, LLP

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Kenai, we offer readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Kenai for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Kenai exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2017 by \$181,099,260. Of this amount, unrestricted net position of \$7,225,149, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. A significant portion of this legally unrestricted amount has been designated for specific purposes.
- The City's total net position increased by \$1,813,166. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, governmental type activities increased by \$1,921,037 and business type activities decreased by \$107,871.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$46,394,637, an increase of \$2,385,333 from the prior year. The fund balances of the two permanent funds, which cannot be spent, account for \$27.3 million of total fund balance. About \$18.4 million of the remaining fund balance is restricted, committed, or assigned. The remaining \$0.7 million is unassigned and available for spending.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,548,206. Of this amount \$697,159 was unassigned and available for spending.
- The City has a long-term liability for compensated absences, general obligation debt, and net pension of \$839,436, \$1,445,000, and \$17,270,846 respectively. The general obligation bonds were issued on March 11, 2010 for an addition to the City's library.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Kenai's basic financial statements. The City of Kenai's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City's activities:

- Government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the City's overall financial condition in a summary format.
- Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

Government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Kenai's finances in a manner similar to a business enterprise. The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities. Net position – the difference between the City's assets and deferred outflows and its liabilities and deferred inflows - is one way to measure the City's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. There are other non-financial factors, such as the condition of facilities, roads and other infrastructure that should be considered in the evaluation of overall financial condition.

The statement of activities presents information showing how a government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover

all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Kenai include general government, public safety, public works, parks, recreation and cultural, airport, water and sewer, and social services. The business-type activities of the City include the congregate housing facility.

Fund financial statements.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Kenai can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds*, *proprietary funds* and *fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two. Five of the City's governmental funds are considered major funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds including: the General Fund: the Airport Special Revenue Fund: the Airport Land Sales Permanent Fund; the Airport Improvements Capital Project Fund; and the Water & Sewer Improvements Capital Project Fund. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Airport Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate compliance with the Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 budget.

Proprietary funds.

The City of Kenai maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for the Congregate Housing Facility. Information for this fund is presented in the proprietary statement of net position and the proprietary statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Kenai uses an internal service fund to account for the purchase of heavy equipment that is primarily used by the General Fund and for the cost in managing employee health care. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements but are presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds.

Through a management agreement, the City manages the donations of the Kenai Community Foundation, a 501(c)(3) not-for-profit entity, whose purpose is to support museums, parks and recreation, music, fine arts, library, and historic purposes within Kenai's city limits. The City's sole purpose is management of the Foundation's donations; all decisions regarding Foundation awards are made by the Foundation and not the City.

Notes to the financial statements.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required supplementary information.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information and accompanying notes. Budgetary comparison schedules for the City's major funds; schedules on the City's net pension obligation information and contributions; and accompanying notes can be found on pages 53-63 of this report.

Other information.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes and required supplementary information and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other supplementary information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major funds are presented immediately after the required supplementary information. Also included are budget comparisons for governmental funds other than the General Fund and Airport Special Revenue Fund.

Government-wide Financial Analysis.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2017, the City's net position exceeded liabilities by \$181,099,260. By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets.

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position:

Net Position (in thousands)

			Busines	s-Type		
	Government	al Activities	<u>Activi</u>	<u>ities</u>	<u>Tot</u>	<u>al</u>
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 51,347	\$ 48,132	\$ 577	\$ 524	\$ 51,924	\$ 48,656
Capital assets	144,543	<u>142,626</u>	<u>2,818</u>	<u>2,958</u>	147,361	<u>145,584</u>
Total assets	195,890	<u>190,758</u>	<u>3,395</u>	<u>3,482</u>	<u>199,285</u>	<u>194,240</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	3,794	2,429			3,794	2,429
Long-term liabilities outstanding	19,552	15,061	3	4	19,555	15,065
Other liabilities	2,053	2,020	68	<u>46</u>	2,121	2,066
Total liabilities	21,605	17,081	<u>71</u>	50	21,676	17,131
Deferred inflows of resources	303	<u>252</u>			303	252
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	143,098	141,096	2,818	2,958	145,916	144,054
Nonexpendable	27,331	25,981	-	-	27,331	25,981
Youth athletics	629	589	-	-	629	589
Unrestricted	6,718	<u>8,188</u>	507	474	7,225	8,662
Total net position	<u>\$177,776</u>	\$ <u>175,854</u>	\$ <u>3,325</u>	\$ <u>3,432</u>	<u>\$181,101</u>	\$ <u>179,286</u>

Minor arithmetic differences are due to rounding.

Governmental activities.

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,921,037. The key element of this increase is the difference between capital expenditures by governmental funds and depreciation expense recorded but not budgeted in the governmental funds.

Business-type activities.

Business-type activities decreased the net position of the City by \$107,871. Rental rates of the Congregate Housing Facility are insufficient to cover depreciation on the facility which was built primarily with grant funds. Absent a rate increase, future declines in net position are expected.

Changes in Net Position.

The City's total revenues and expenses for governmental and business-type activities are reflected in the following table:

Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	Governi <u>Activi</u>		Busines Activ		<u>To</u>	<u>tal</u>
_	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 7,128	\$ 6,362	\$ 387	\$ 382	\$ 7,515	\$ 6,744
Operating grants and contributions	1,474	2,015	2	2	1,476	2,017
Capital grants and contributions	5,643	7,166	-	-	5,643	7,166
General revenues:	0,0.0	7,700			3,5 .5	.,
Property taxes	3,920	3,783	-	-	3,920	3,783
Sales taxes	6,716	7,248	-	-	6,716	7,248
Other	2,344	601	1	3	2,345	604
Total revenues	27,225	27,175	390	387	27,615	27,562
Expenses:						
General government	2,748	2,801	-	-	2,748	2,801
Public safety	8,567	8,246	-	-	8,567	8,246
Public works	3,445	3,378	-	-	3,445	3,378
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,947	2,828	-	-	2,947	2,828
Water and sewer services	2,900	2,833	-	-	2,900	2,833
Airport	3,719	3,518	-	-	3,719	3,518
Interest on long-term debt	90	93	-	-	90	93
Social welfare services	887	876	-	-	887	876
Senior Housing	<u>-</u>		498	425	498	425
Total expenses	25,303	24,573	498	425	25,801	24,998
Transfers		<u> </u>				
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,922	2,602	(108)	(38)	1,814	2,564
Net position beginning	<u>175,854</u>	173,252	<u>3,432</u>	<u>3,470</u>	<u>179,286</u>	176,722
Net position ending	\$ <u>177,776</u>	\$ <u>175,854</u>	\$ <u>3,324</u>	\$ <u>3,432</u>	\$ <u>181,100</u>	\$ <u>179,286</u>

Minor arithmetic differences are due to rounding.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City of Kenai uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

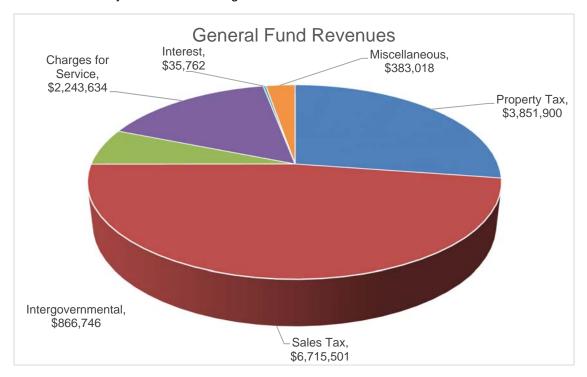
Governmental Funds.

The purpose of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The total fund balance of governmental funds is \$46,394,637, which is up \$2,385,333 from last year. About \$0.7 million of fund balance is unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City Council's discretion. The remainder of fund balance, \$45.7 million, is nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending. Nonspendable is the largest portion of this; \$27.3 million is in the two permanent funds, which do not allow spending of fund balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Kenai. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$697,159, and total fund balance was \$10,548,206. Fund balance increased \$130,106 in the current year. The City's reserves remain healthy and stable. As a measure of liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 4.9% of total expenditures and transfers, while total fund balance represents 74.1% of that same amount.

General Fund expenditures decreased \$603,513 or 4.28% over last year. General Fund revenues decreased \$715,502 or 4.83% from last year. The primary revenue sources of the General Fund include property tax of \$3,851,900, sales tax of \$6,715,501, intergovernmental revenues of \$866,746, and charges to other funds of \$1,528,200. Sales tax revenue decreased \$532,437 or 7.35% largely driven by the late filing of a significant tax payer. Sales tax revenue, even after eliminating the impact of this single tax payer filing late, is down and is a reflection of the local economy. The slight down turn in the local economy is attribute to sustained low oil prices and the economic uncertainty caused by the State of Alaska's budget problems. Property taxes increased by \$75,792 or 2.01%. Current year property values increased 2.09% and the mill rate remained unchanged. Intergovernmental revenues decreased \$335,337 from last year with a \$91,330 or 24.07% decrease in State of Alaska Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) on-behalf funding and a \$137,566 or 33.08% decrease in State of Alaska Community Assistance funding.



Tax revenues support General Fund operations exclusively and represent 74.96% of all governmental funds revenue. Other funds rely heavily on charges for services and investment earnings. Investment earnings in governmental funds increased \$1,731,291 or 271.42% from the prior year. A strong year in equity markets, which approximately 45% of the City's permanent funds are invested in, led to the significant increase in investment earnings. Capital projects funds and the senior services related funds are largely financed by grants from the federal, state and borough governments.

The Airport Special Revenue Fund accounts for the operation of the airport. Fund balance increased by \$393,804. Total revenues remained nearly unchanged with a modest increase of \$19,847. Fund expenditures increased by \$182,276 but transfers to capital projects decreased by \$75,570.

The Airport Land Sales Permanent Fund accounts for the investment of proceeds from the sale of airport lands originally deeded to the City by the federal government for operations of the airport. City code calls for the transfer of 5% of the funds five year average balance at December 31st to the Airport Special Revenue Fund to fund airport operations. The continuation of increasing short term interest rates and strong equity markets returns resulted in an \$1,242,356 increase in fund balance after the FY17 transfer of \$1,175,414 to the Airport Special Revenue Fund.

The Airport Improvements Capital Project Fund accounts for capital improvement projects of the Kenai Municipal Airport. Projects are largely financed by grants from the Federal Aviation Administration. Current projects include completion of a new Airport Master Plan, airfield marking and signage improvements, improvements to airport facilities, airfield drainage improvements, and improvements to the small taxiway and aircraft tie down area.

The Water & Sewer Improvements Capital Project Fund accounts for capital improvement projects of the Kenai Municipal water and sewer system. Projects are largely financed by grants from the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation. Current projects include construction of a new water reservoir for the system, recoating of the existing 3.0 million gallon water reservoir, and efficiency upgrades to the systems sewage treatment facility.

Proprietary Funds.

The City of Kenai maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Congregate Housing Fund is the only enterprise fund. It is reported in the proprietary fund financial statements and as a business type activity in the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs among the City's various functions. The City of Kenai utilizes two internal service funds. The Equipment Replacement Fund is used to account for the purchase of equipment costing more than \$50,000. The Equipment Replacement Fund charges the user departments in the General Fund such that the General Fund reimburses the Equipment Replacement Fund over the useful life of the asset. The Employee Health Care Fund was created and capitalized in fiscal year 2017 by transfers from funds who employees will benefit from the fund in future years. Because the services of the Equipment Replacement Fund and the Employee Health Care Fund substantially benefit only governmental rather than business type functions, its activity has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements but are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements.

At year-end, Congregate Housing Fund net position totaled \$3,324,560 and unrestricted net position was \$506,832. Net position decreased \$107,871 for the year. Current revenues are simply insufficient to cover expenses – especially considering depreciation. It is anticipated that net position will decline in future years without an increase in tenant rents.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund appropriations budget was amended by the City Council during the year by \$368,495. Significant amendments included a \$50,000 and \$35,000 one-time transfers to the Miscellaneous Capital Project Fund for dining room renovations at the Kenai Senior Center and design for repairs at the Kenai City Dock caused by a significance seismic event in January 2016 respectively, \$57,000 transfer to the Senior Citizen Fund for operations due to an unforeseen decrease in meal reimbursements, and \$100,000 transfer for capitalization of the new Employee Health Care Internal Service Fund. Actual revenues and transfers in were \$497,502 less than the final budget with the \$613,598 variance in general sales being the most significant decrease.

The actual expenditures and transfers out were \$1,598,224 less than budgeted. The City typically does not spend the entire authorized appropriation. The variance this year was about 10.1% of final budget compared to 8.4% last year. \$818,543, (51.2%) of the lapse, occurred in personal services. Position vacancies, the replacement of retiring employees with those lower on the City's pay scale, and health insurance costs less than projected contributed to these savings.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration Capital assets.

At June 30, 2017 the City's capital assets had a total net book value of \$147,360,558. Governmental activities totaled \$144,542,830 and business-type activities totaled \$2,817,728. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements on pages 42-43 Section III. Detailed Notes on All Funds' D. Capital Assets. Major capital additions for FY17 included:

New Facilities and Facility Improvements:	
City Hall Roof Replacement	\$ 182,864
Well Protection Zone Property	23,645
Automated Flight Service Station Impr.	239,333
New City Warm Storage Facility	2,185,954
Beaver Creek Park Improvements	39,798
Municipal Park Improvements	16,701
Columbarium Construction	92,345
Kenai Recreation Center Improvements	137,556
New Water Reservoir	2,432,580
Equipment:	
Sewer Lift Station Pumps	12,928
Sewer Lift Station Equipment	7,148
Airport Restaurant Equipment	12,405
Vehicles	35,999
Senior Center Copier	7,677
City Shop Equipment	32,787
Fire Department Equipment	8,514
Library Equipment	5,061
Infrastructure:	
Road & Trail improvements	852,520
Water Mains and Production Wells	<u>1,334,035</u>
Total Additions	\$ <u>7,659,850</u>

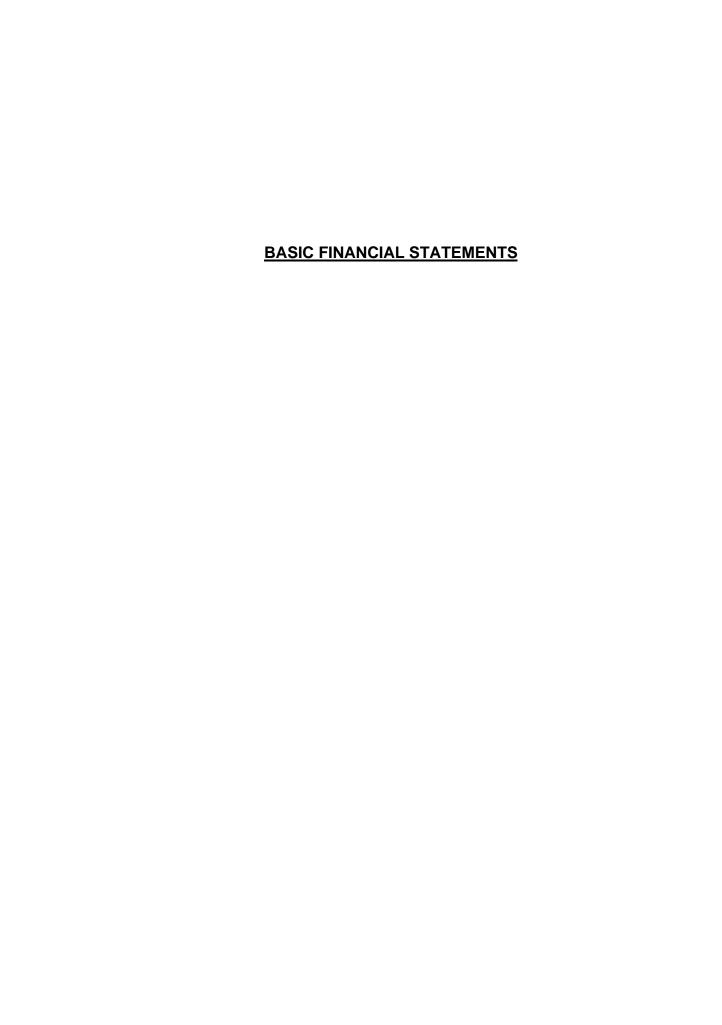
Debt administration.

No new debt was issued by the City in FY17. At June 30, 2017 \$1,445,000 of Library Expansion bonds remain outstanding and \$2,000,000 of Bluff Erosion Control bonds remain authorized but unissued. There are long-term liabilities for compensated absences totaling \$839,436. Net Pension Liability of \$17,270,846 is included and substantially increased from the June 30, 2016 balance of \$12,697,944. The increase in Net Pension Liability was largely caused by the extension of the amortization period for the system's unfunded liability by the plan administration which shifted a significant portion of the liability from the State to the City. Additional information on the City's long-term liabilities can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements on pages 49-50.

Requests for information.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Kenai's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Director, City of Kenai, 210 Fidalgo Avenue, Kenai, Alaska 99611.

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CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	G	overnmental Activities	Вι	usiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Equity in central treasury (cash and investments)	\$	46,670,362	\$	577,374	\$	47,247,736
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		4,663,138		-		4,663,138
Other assets		13,231		-		13,231
Land		6,759,766		274,500		7,034,266
Property and equipment in service		219,767,681		5,710,219		225,477,900
Accumulated depreciation		(86,953,767)		(3,166,991)		(90,120,758)
Construction in progress		4,969,150				4,969,150
Total assets		195,889,561		3,395,102		199,284,663
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related		3,793,536		-		3,793,536
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$</u>	199,683,097	\$	3,395,102	\$	203,078,199
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	1,299,474	\$	32,670	\$	1,332,144
Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities		371,954		-		371,954
Unearned revenue		187,168		1,755		188,923
Other liabilities		182,286		33,098		215,384
Accrued interest		12,367		-		12,367
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		299,104		755		299,859
Due in more than one year		19,253,159		2,264		19,255,423
Total liabilities	_	21,605,512		70,542	_	21,676,054
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Prepaid licenses and fees		2,400		-		2,400
Prepaid property taxes		107,972		-		107,972
Pension related		192,513		_		192,513
Total deferred inflows of resources		302,885				302,885
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		143,097,830		2,817,728		145,915,558
Restricted:		, ,		_,_,,,,		, ,
Permanently restricted - nonexpendable:						
Airport Land Sale Permanent Fund		24,280,015		_		24,280,015
General Government Land Sale Permanent Fund		3,049,939		_		3,049,939
Temporarily restricted - youth athletics		628,599		_		628,599
Unrestricted		6,718,317		506,832		7,225,149
Total net position		177,774,700	_	3,324,560	_	181,099,260
Total not position		111,117,1100		0,024,000		101,000,200
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$	199,683,097	\$	3,395,102	\$	203,078,199

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 2,748,439	\$ 991,000	\$ 584,598	\$ -		
Public safety	8,566,917	515,321	155,498	11,447		
Public works	3,445,146	44,816	32,391	328,321		
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,946,836	698,805	73,157	2,116		
Water and sewer services	2,900,224	2,766,181	19,314	2,740,329		
Airport	3,718,663	2,013,421	26,893	2,501,595		
Social welfare services	887,260	98,539	581,663	59,037		
Interest on long-term debt	89,548					
Total governmental activities	25,303,033	7,128,083	1,473,514	5,642,845		
Business-type activities:						
Senior Housing	498,181	386,708	1,780			
Total Government	\$ 25,801,214	\$ 7,514,791	\$ 1,475,294	\$ 5,642,845		

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
\$	(1,172,841)	\$ -	\$	(1,172,841)
	(7,884,651)	-		(7,884,651)
	(3,039,618)	-		(3,039,618)
	(2,172,758)	-		(2,172,758)
	2,625,600	-		2,625,600
	823,246	-		823,246
	(148,021)	-		(148,021)
	(89,548)			(89,548)
	(11,058,591)	-		(11,058,591)
	(11,058,591)	(109,693) (109,693)		(109,693)
_	3,919,797 6,715,501 2,344,330 12,979,628 1,921,037 175,853,663	1,822 1,822 (107,871) 3,432,431		3,919,797 6,715,501 2,346,152 12,981,450 1,813,166 179,286,094
<u>•</u>		•	Φ	
\$	177,774,700	\$ 3,324,560	\$	181,099,260

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2017

		General	·	Airport Special Revenue
ASSETS				
Equity in central treasury				
(cash and investments)	\$	9,682,948	\$	5,227,622
Receivables				
(net of allowances for uncollectibles)		2,060,514		67,385
Other assets		12,706		-
Due from other funds		46,934		<u> </u>
Total assets	\$	11,803,102	\$	5,295,007
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	200,502	\$	54,808
Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities	•	313,024	•	20,261
Due to other funds		· -		· -
Unearned revenue		66,963		118,145
Other liabilities		20,319		25,487
Total liabilities		600,808		218,701
Deferred Inflows of resources:				
Special assessments receivable - unavailable		360,837		-
Ambulance billing receivable - unavailable		165,860		-
Land sales - unavailable		17,019		-
Prepaid licenses and fees		2,400		-
Prepaid property taxes		107,972		
Total deferred inflows of resources		654,088		
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable		-		-
Restricted		628,599		-
Committed		6,840,662		-
Assigned		2,381,786		5,076,306
Unassigned		697,159		<u>-</u>
Total fund balances		10,548,206		5,076,306
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	11,803,102	\$	5,295,007

Airport Land Sales Permanent	Imp	Airport rovements ital Project	lm	ter & Sewer provements pital Project	Go	Other overnmental	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 24,184,471	\$	-	\$	17,562	\$	5,738,842	\$	44,851,445
537,248 - -		651,065 - -		1,018,136 - -		328,790 525 -		4,663,138 13,231 46,934
\$ 24,721,719	\$	651,065	\$	1,035,698	\$	6,068,157	\$	49,574,748
\$ 3,497	\$	360,312	\$	496,639	\$	183,716 38,669	\$	1,299,474 371,954
- -		46,934		-		-		46,934
-		2,060		-		-		187,168
		-		-	_	136,480	_	182,286
3,497		409,306		496,639	_	358,865	_	2,087,816
								000 007
-		-		-		-		360,837 165,860
438,207		-		-		-		455,226
-		-		-		-		2,400
		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	107,972
438,207		-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	1,092,295
24,280,015		-		-		3,049,939		27,329,954
-		- 241.750		-		- 205 265		628,599
-		241,759		539,059		385,365 2,273,988		8,006,845 9,732,080
<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				697,159
24,280,015		241,759		539,059		5,709,292		46,394,637
\$ 24,721,719	\$	651,065	\$	1,035,698	\$	6,068,157		
Amounts reported for government different because: Capital assets used in governot reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are therefore, are deferred in the funds.	rnmental a not availal unds.	activities are not to	financial r	esources and are	d,			143,086,794 981,923
Some liabilities, including be interest subsidy), and comper they are not reported in the fur Bonds payable Net pension liability Compensated absences Accrued interest (net of relative process)	nsated abs	ences are not pa		,	so \$	(1,445,000) (17,270,846) (836,417)		(40,504,000)
Certain changes in net pens		•	rather tha	n recognized		(12,367)		(19,564,630)
immediately. These items are Deferred outflows for pensi Deferred inflows for pension	amortized ons			•		3,793,536 (192,513)		3,601,023
Internal Service Funds are u activities to individual funds. T are included in governmental a	he assets activities in	and liabilities of the statement o	the Interr	nal Service Funds				3,274,953
Net position of government	aı activitie	S					\$	177,774,700

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General	Airport Special Revenue	Airport Land Sales Permanent	Airport Improvements Capital Project
Revenues:		-		
Taxes	\$ 10,635,298	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues	866,746	29,725	-	2,501,596
Charges for services	2,243,634	529,132	-	-
Investment earnings	35,762	15,598	2,055,039	-
Miscellaneous revenues	315,121	1,454,695	362,731	(1)
Total revenues	14,096,561	2,029,150	2,417,770	2,501,595
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	2,504,526	-	-	-
Public safety	6,671,275	-	-	-
Public works	2,181,663	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,091,603	-	-	-
Water and sewer services	-	-	-	-
Airport	-	2,631,418	-	1,073
Social welfare services	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-		-	-
Capital outlay	46,363	51,905		2,632,417
Total expenditures	13,495,430	2,683,323		2,633,490
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	601,131	(654,173)	2,417,770	(131,895)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	274,105	1,175,414	-	120,000
Transfers out	(745,130)	(127,437)	(1,175,414)	- _
Net other financing sources (uses)	(471,025)	1,047,977	(1,175,414)	120,000
Net changes in fund balances	130,106	393,804	1,242,356	(11,895)
Fund balances - July 1	10,418,100	4,682,502	23,037,659	253,654
Fund balances - June 30	\$ 10,548,206	\$ 5,076,306	\$ 24,280,015	\$ 241,759

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

lm	ter & Sewer provements pital Project	Other Governmental	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Φ.		Φ.	•	40.005.000
\$	-	\$ -	\$	10,635,298
	2,740,329	757,539		6,895,935
	-	3,333,378		6,106,144
	-	262,754		2,369,153
	-	379,296		2,511,842
	2,740,329	4,732,967		28,518,372
		8,293		2,512,819
	-	116,874		6,788,149
	-	125,737		
	-			2,307,400
	-	268,177		2,359,780
	-	2,023,546		2,023,546
	-	-		2,632,491
	-	858,100		858,100
	-	85,000		85,000
	-	90,398		90,398
	2,745,008	882,574		6,358,267
	2,745,008	4,458,699		26,015,950
	(4,679)	274,268		2,502,422
	353,792	645,130		2,568,441
	-	(637,549)		(2,685,530)
	353,792	7,581		(117,089)
	349,113	281,849		2,385,333
	189,946	5,427,443		44,009,304
\$	539,059	\$ 5,709,292	\$	46,394,637

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 2,385,333
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives.		
Expenditures for capital assets Current year depreciation	\$ 6,358,267 (4,273,308)	2,084,959
Special assessments, taxes, land sales and ambulance services receivable reported in the governmental activities are not revenues of the current period using the flow of current financial resources basis. This is the increase in		
other long-term assets.		250,550
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount of the (increase) decrease in:		
Accrued leave Bond interest payable	\$ (2,955) 850	
		(2,105)
Repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds but does not have any effect on net		
position.		85,000
Changes related to net pension liability and related accounts can increase or decrease net position. This is the net decrease in net position due to changes in net pension liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows.		(3,175,827)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of Internal Service Fund activities is reported with governmental activities.		293,127
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,921,037

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Major Enterprise Fund Congregate	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
	Housing	
ASSETS		
Current assets -		
Equity in central treasury (cash and investments)	\$ 577,37 <u>4</u>	\$ 1,818,917
Noncurrent assets:		
Land	274,500	
Property and equipment in service, at cost:		
Buildings	5,710,219	-
Equipment	_	2,827,382
Total property and equipment in service	5,710,219	2,827,382
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,166,991)	(1,371,346)
Net property and equipment in service	2,543,228	1,456,036
Total assets	\$ 3,395,102	\$ 3,274,953
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 32,670	\$ -
Unearned revenue	1,755	-
Other liabilities	33,098	<u>-</u>
Total current liabilities	67,523	_
Noncurrent liabilities - compensated absences	3,019	
Total liabilities	70,542	
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets	2,817,728	1,456,036
Unrestricted	506,832	1,818,917
Total net position	3,324,560	3,274,953
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 3,395,102</u>	\$ 3,274,953

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Major Enterprise Fund Congregate Housing		Governmenta Activities - Internal Servi Funds	
	-	<u>lousing</u>		
Operating revenues:				
Rents and leases	\$	386,613	\$	-
Other revenue		95		339,205
Total operating revenues		386,708		339,205
Operating expenses:				
Personal services		59,511		-
Supplies		5,952		-
Utilities		84,584		-
Repair and maintenance		95,376		-
Insurance		12,448		-
Depreciation		140,446		168,486
Manager's fee		63,781		-
Miscellaneous		1,535		-
Expenses chargeable from other funds		34,000		<u>-</u>
Total operating expenses		497,633		168,486
Operating income (loss)		(110,925)		170,719
Nonoperating revenues:				
Intergovernmental grants		1,780		-
Investment earnings		1,822		4,771
Total nonoperating revenues		3,602		4,771
Income (loss) before transfers		(107,323)		175,490
Transfers in (out)		(548)		117,637
Changes in net position		(107,871)		293,127
Net position - July 1		3,432,431		2,981,826
Net position - June 30	\$	3,324,560	\$	3,274,953

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Activ Ente	siness-type vities - Major erprise Fund ongregate Housing	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Receipts (payments) for interfund services Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	393,660 (242,255) (60,655) (34,000) 56,750	\$	339,205 339,205
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in (out) State grant Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		(548) 1,780 1,232		117,637
Cash flows from investing activities - Investment earnings received Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,822 59,804		4,771 461,613
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1 Cash and cash equivalents - June 30	\$	517,570 577,374	\$	1,357,304 1,818,917
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(110,925)	\$	170,719
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation Accounts receivable Accounts payable Compensated absences Unearned revenue Other liabilities Net cash provided by operating activities	 \$	140,446 6,804 23,292 (1,144) 148 (1,871) 56,750	<u> </u>	168,486 - - - - - - 339,205

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA KENAI COMMUNITY FOUNDATION AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS

Equity in central treasury (cash and investments) Interest receivable Total assets	\$ \$	154,625 537 155,162
LIABILITIES		
Due to Kenai Community Foundation	\$	155,162

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting entity

The City of Kenai (City) was formed by a Home Rule Charter on May 20, 1963 under the provisions of Alaska Statute, Title 29, as amended. The City operates under a council-manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police, fire, animal control, and 911 communications), public improvements, airport, dock facility, water and sewer, library, senior citizen, recreation, parks, planning and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting principles of the government are described below.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all activities of the City. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues along with user fees, are reported separately from the *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The effect of any interfund activity, for the most part, has been removed from these statements. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include charges to customers or applicants who use, purchase, or directly benefit from the goods, services or privileges provided by a given segment or function and includes restricted grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operations or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as *general revenues*. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus and basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Grants and similar programs are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the net position is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Governmental fund type financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible in the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments and compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes, charge for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the

portion of special assessment receivables due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds based on the quantitative criteria:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Airport Special Revenue Fund accounts for activities of the airport except for land sales. It relies on user fees and investment earnings to finance operations.

The Airport Land Sales Permanent Fund accounts for sales of airport land. All proceeds from airport land sales are deposited into this account and invested with up to 5% of the fund's balance at December 31st of each year being available for transfer to the Airport Special Revenue Fund for operations.

The Airport Improvements Capital Project Fund accounts for capital projects of the City's airport. Primary funding sources are federal grants.

The Water & Sewer Improvements Capital Project Fund accounts for capital projects of the City's water and sewer service. Primary funding sources are state grants.

Additionally the City reports the following fund types:

Enterprise Fund - the Congregate Housing Fund is a major fund which accounts for the activities of the senior housing project. Primary funding source is rents from its tenants.

Internal Service Fund – the Equipment Replacement Fund and Employee Health Care Fund are internal service funds. The Equipment Replacement Fund accounts for the purchase of equipment costing more than \$50,000 that will be used by General Fund departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Employee Health Care Fund accounts for the cost of providing health and life insurance to the employees of all City funds.

Agency Fund – the City utilizes this fund to account for the resources invested by the City, under a management agreement, for the Kenai Community Foundation, a not-for-profit organization devoted to supporting museums, parks and recreation, music, fine arts, library, and historic purposes within Kenai's city limits.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's enterprise functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Use of accounting estimates: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, liabilities and net position or equity

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The City maintains a central treasury for most of its cash and cash equivalents, which is utilized by all funds. For the purposes of these financial statements, the City of Kenai considers highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash, with an original maturity of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

Investment income is recorded in the General Fund, except that interest earned on cash held in the Water and Sewer Special Revenue Fund (including cash in water and sewer related capital project funds), the Airport Special Revenue Fund (including cash in the Airport Land Sales Permanent Fund and airport related capital project funds), the Congregate Housing Enterprise Fund, and the Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund is recorded in these funds.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to other funds" or "due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans).

3. Restricted assets

Monies or other resources, the use of which is restricted by legal or contractual requirements are recorded as restricted assets.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. All infrastructure assets, including those acquired prior to June 30, 1980, are reported. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession agreement are recorded at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, and equipment of the City, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings costing more than \$50,000	50
Buildings costing less than \$50,000	25
Building improvements	25
Water and sewer infrastructure	50
Street infrastructure	30
Heavy equipment	20
Other equipment	10
Office equipment	5

5. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits. The City makes annual appropriations for the amount of leave expected to be used, which is available to employees at essentially their discretion. Each employee is allowed to accumulate up to 80 days of annual leave at the end of a calendar year, with any excess accumulation paid in cash in the following January. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee terminations or in situations where the leave is used but not yet paid. Most funds, except the capital project funds, will be utilized to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. The most significant, due to the fact that it has the largest payroll, is the General Fund.

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize long-term debt obligations only when due.

7. Fund balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form—prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of fund balances comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal ordinances of the City Council—the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes by resolution. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned, and unassigned—in order as needed.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental fund types, except the Capital Project Funds which adopt project-length budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at a fiscal year end.

Budgets for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, permanent funds and enterprise funds are annual budgets. Capital project fund budgets are project-length budgets. The Equipment Replacement Fund, which is an internal service fund, is not required to have a budget. The Employee Health Care Fund was created and capitalized in FY2017 and an annual budget will be produced in subsequent fiscal years. The City Council approves all asset acquisitions from this fund by resolution.

Annual budgets must be submitted to the City Council by the City Manager during or prior to the sixth week preceding the first day of each fiscal year. The City Council must adopt an annual budget and set the tax rates not later than the tenth day of June for the following fiscal year.

Budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget) is maintained at the object class level by the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders which would result in an overrun of object class balances are not released until additional appropriations are made available.

Amendments to appropriations may be made by the city administration by transfers within a fund in amounts less than \$5,000. Other amendments, including supplemental appropriations, may be made by the City Council. The City Council authorized supplemental appropriations during the year in capital projects funds, special revenue funds and the general fund. General fund supplemental appropriations were \$368,495. The majority of this was for supplemental funding of capital projects to include \$280,000 for the City's new warm storage facility construction, \$30,000 for preparation of the City's 2016 Comprehensive Plan, and \$6,000 for reroofing of City Hall; \$88,339 was transferred to the Senior Citizen Fund for operations for lower than projected meal reimbursements from the Choice Waiver meal program; and \$89,719 for grant funded, fire department equipment.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as appropriate constraints of fund balances if they meet the definitions and criteria as outlined above. These commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Significant encumbrances exceeding \$75,000 as of June 30, 2017 were:

	Major Fund – <u>General Fund</u>	Nonmajor Gov't Funds
Kenai Senior Center Solarium Renovation Project	\$ -	\$191,513
Water Reservoir #1 Recoating Project	<u>553,384</u>	<u>-</u>
-	\$ <u>553,384</u>	\$ <u>191,513</u>

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a central treasury that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of the central treasury is displayed on the balance sheet or statement of net position as "Equity in Central Treasury" unless there is a deficit which is then shown as "Due to Other Funds".

At year-end, all of the City's bank deposits were either insured or collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the City's name.

The City's general investment policy authorizes investment in: (a) obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States; (b) certificates of deposit with banks and savings and loan associations; (c) repurchase agreements; (d) money market mutual funds consisting primarily of obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States, or repurchase agreements collateralized with such obligations; and (e) the Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool (AMLIP). Generally, investment maturities cannot exceed five years from the date of purchase. Repurchase agreements must be collateralized with United States government obligations. Certificates of deposit must be insured or collateralized with obligations of the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities. Collateral must be held by a third party trustee. The City complied with its investment policy throughout the year.

The City's Airport Land Sales Permanent Fund investment policy authorizes investment in: (a) Corporate obligations of investment grade quality as recognized by a nationally recognized rating organization; (b) Domestic Equities, which taken as a whole, attempt to mirror the characteristics or replicate the Standard & Poor's 500 Index or another index of similar characteristics, including both mutual funds and exchange traded funds (ETF's); (c) Domestic Equities, which taken as a whole, attempt to replicate the Standard & Poor's 400 Mid-Cap Index or another index of similar characteristics, including both mutual funds and exchange traded funds; (d) Domestic Equities, which taken as a whole, attempt to replicate the Standard & Poor's 600 Small-Cap Index or another index of similar characteristics, including both mutual funds and exchange traded funds; (e) International Equities, which taken as a whole, attempt to replicate the Financial Times Stock Exchange Developed ex North America Index or another index of similar characteristics, including both mutual funds and exchange traded funds; (f) Equities, which taken as a whole, attempt to replicate the universe of domestic real-estate investment trusts as represented by the Standard & Poor's REIT composite index or another index of similar characteristics, including both mutual funds and exchange traded funds; and (g) Emerging Market Equities, which taken as a whole, attempt to replicate the Financial Times Stock Exchange Emerging Index or another index of similar characteristics including both mutual funds and exchange traded funds. Repurchase agreements must be collateralized with United States government obligations. Certificates of deposit must be insured or collateralized with obligations of the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities. The City complied with its investment policy throughout the year.

The Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool (AMLIP) is an external investment pool which is rated AAAm for credit risk purposes. Alaska Statute 37.23 establishes regulatory oversight of the pool. The law sets forth numerous requirements regarding authorized investments and reporting. On a monthly basis the investments in the pool are reviewed for fair value by an independent pricing service. The values of investments in the AML pool are approximately equal to fair value.

The fair value of the City's investments at year-end are shown below. All of the City's remaining investments are in the category of least risk and include investments that are insured or registered in the City's name, or securities that are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. All of the United States treasury bills, treasury notes, and United States agency securities are held in a custodial account in the Wells Fargo Trust Department, and are recorded in its internal records in the City's name in accordance with a safekeeping agreement. Wells Fargo is not a counter party to security transactions.

The City maintains an interest bearing checking account, which had a bank balance of \$760,628 and a carrying value of \$672,308 at year-end. The City also holds a \$20,000 certificate of deposit, an account for collection of online and credit card payments for utilities with a balance of \$6,214 and cash on hand of \$1,079. These deposits are insured for the first \$250,000 and the balance is collateralized by securities held by a third party custodian in the City's name.

As of June 30, 2017, the City had the following investments and maturities.

General City investments:

•				
<u>Investment</u>	Fair Value L	<u>.ess than 1 year</u>	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years
U.S. Agencies	\$ 7,000,275	\$ 497,960	\$2,494,780	\$4,007,535
Wells Fargo Money Market	3,229,337	3,229,337	-	-
Certificates of Deposit	8,631,989	5,417,023	2,472,775	742,191
AMLIP	488,789	488,789		
Total	\$19,350,390	\$9,633,109	\$4,967,555	\$4,749,726

General and Airport Land Sales Permanent Funds' investments:

Fair Value	% of Portfolio
\$ 4,057,083	14.83%
6,010,533	21.97
1,686,702	6.17
10,144,838	37.09
4,371,224	15.98
1,081,990	3.96
<u>\$27,352,370</u>	<u>100.00</u> %
	\$ 4,057,083 6,010,533 1,686,702 10,144,838 4,371,224 1,081,990

The following is a reconciliation of the City's deposit and investment balances to the financial statements at June 30, 2017.

	Pooled Cash	Kenai	
	and Investments	Community Foundation	Totals
Bank deposits and cash on hand	\$ 699.601	\$ -	\$ 699.601
Investments	46,548,135	154,625	46,702,760
	<u>\$47,247,736</u>	<u>\$154,625</u>	\$47,402,361

Interest Rate Risk. The fair values of the City's general fixed-income investments fluctuate in response to changes in market interest rates. Increases in prevailing interest rates generally translate into decreases in fair values of those instruments. Fair values of interest rate sensitive instruments may be affected by the creditworthiness of the issuer, prepayment options, relative values of alternative investments, the liquidity of the instrument, and other general market conditions. The City manages interest rate risk by requiring specific percentages of the portfolio to be invested within certain time periods and the policy limits the longest maturity to five years. The policy requires 20% of the portfolio to be invested for less than one year and no more than 30% of the portfolio can be invested longer than two years.

The fair values of the City's Airport Land Sales Permanent Fund fixed income investments fluctuate in response to changes in market interest rates. Increases in prevailing interest rates generally translate into decreases in fair values of those instruments. Fair values of interest rate sensitive instruments may be affected by the creditworthiness of the issuer, prepayment options, relative values of alternative investments, the liquidity of the instrument, and other general market conditions. Duration of a financial asset measures the sensitivity of the asset's price to changes in interest rates. The benchmark index for the fixed income component of the fund is the Bloomberg Barclays Intermediate Government/Credit Index. The index allows for maturities of 1 to 10 years. At June 30, 2017 the index had an average duration of 4.06 while the fund's fixed income component had an average duration of 3.87.

Concentration Risk. The City's general investment policy places no limit on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. More than 5% of the total portfolio is invested in securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation – 20.61%, Federal National Mortgage Association – 7.64%, and Federal Farm Credit Bureau – 5.15%.

The City's Permanent Fund investment policy places no limits on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer but rather establishes limits by asset class. The following is a list of asset classes allowed, their benchmark index, their appropriate target weighting, and the actual weighting at June 30, 2017.

		Target %	Actual %
Asset Class	Benchmark Index	Weighting	Weighting
Cash	90-day US Treasury Bill	0-10%	6.17%
Fixed income	Barclays Intermediate Government/Credit		
	Index	35-65	36.80
Large-Cap domestic equities	Standard & Poor's 500 Index	15-25	19.99
International equities	Morgan Stanley Capital International		
	Europe, Australasia and Far East (MSCI		
	EAFE) Index	5-15	11.04
Mid-Cap equities	Standard & Poor's 400 Mid-Cap Index	5-15	11.11
Small-Cap equities	Standard & Poor's 600 Small-Cap Index	0-10	5.99
International emerging markets	Morgan Stanley Capital International		
	Emerging Market Index	0-10	4.94
Real-estate equities	Standard & Poor's US REIT Index	0-10	3.96
Total			<u>100.00</u> %

Credit Risk. The City's general investment policy specifies the types of investments that can be purchased. The intent of this is to limit the credit risk, or the risk that the issuer of the investment securities purchased will default at maturity of the investment. The City may invest only in obligations of the United States government, its instrumentalities and agencies; insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, savings accounts; collateralized repurchase agreements; money market funds and the State investment pool. Credit risk is effectively limited by limiting the eligible investment options. All of the U.S. Agency securities in the portfolio at year-end are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service and AA+ by Standard and Poor's.

The Bloomberg Barclays Intermediate Government/Credit Index is utilized as the benchmark by the City's Permanent Fund investment policy, which requires investment in securities of investment grade or higher (rated Baa or higher by Moody's Investor Service or rated BBB or higher by Standard and Poor's). At June 30, 2017 all fixed income investments were rated BBB or better by Standard and Poor's.

Option Risk: Option risk is the risk that an investment's issuer may exercise a right embedded in the investment—an embedded option. The City invests in securities issued by U.S. Government Agencies that may contain call options. As of June 30, 2017, about \$3 million or 7.0% of the portfolio securities contain call options. The exercise of the call option by the issuer occurs during times of declining interest rates; therefore the City is exposed to the risk of having to reinvest at a lower interest rate. If call options were exercised at the first or next possible call date, all of the callable securities would mature in less than one year. The agency securities are listed below at their earliest call dates:

<u>Investment</u>	Type of Call	Next Call Date
Federal Farm Credit Banks	Continuous Call	November 23, 2017
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Quarterly Call	September 29, 2017
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	One-time Call	May 24, 2018
Federal National Mortgage Association	Quarterly Call	September 30, 2017
Federal National Mortgage Association	Quarterly Call	November 25, 2017

Fair Value Measurement. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

Investments Measured at Fair Value								
	Fair Value Measurement Using							
		Quoted Prices in	_					
		Active Markets for	Significant Other	Significant				
		Identical Assets	Observable	Unobservable				
	Fair Value	(Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)				
US Treasuries	\$ 3,724,156	\$ 3,724,156	\$ -	\$ -				
US Agencies	7,333,202	-	7,333,202	-				
Corporate bonds	6,010,533	-	6,010,533	-				
Certificates of deposit	8,631,989		8,631,989	-				
Money market funds	4,916,039	4,916,039	-	-				
Mutual funds	15,598,052	15,598,052	-	-				
AMLIP	488,789	488,789	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _				
Total investment at								
fair value level	\$ <u>46,702,760</u>	\$ <u>24,727,036</u>	\$ <u>21,975,724</u>	\$ <u> </u>				

US Treasuries, money market funds, mutual funds, and AMLIP classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. US Agencies, corporate bonds, and certificates of deposit classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Mortgage backed securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a market approach that uses benchmark yield curves.

B. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2017, for the City's individual major funds and the nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate are as follows:

		Airport Special	Airport Land Sales	Airport Improvements Capital	Water & Sewe Improvements Capital	Nonmajor Governmental
	<u>General</u>	Revenue	Permanent	<u>Project</u>	<u>Project</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Taxes	\$1,394,263	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	52,358	7,387	-	651,065	1,018,136	53,236
Customer and other	731,977	135,868	-	-	-	292,734
Special assessments	360,837	-	-	-	-	-
Land contracts	17,019	-	438,207	-	-	-
Accrued interest	<u>35,385</u>		99,041			<u> 12,525</u>
Total receivables	2,591,839	143,255	537,248	651,065	1,018,136	358,495
Less allowances for						
uncollectibles	(531,325)	<u>(75,870)</u>				<u>(29,705)</u>
Net receivables	\$ <u>2,060,514</u>	\$ <u>67,385</u>	\$ <u>537,248</u>	\$ <u>651,065</u>	\$ <u>1,018,136</u>	\$ <u>328,790</u>

C. Deferred Inflows, Outflows and Unearned Revenues

Governmental funds report deferred inflows in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer

revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Governmental funds report acquisitions of net position by the governmental funds that are applicable to a future reporting period as deferred inflows of resources and consumption of net position that are applicable to a future period as deferred outflows. At June 30, 2017, the various components of unearned revenue, deferred inflows of resources, and deferred outflows of resources reported at the fund level and the government-wide level were as follows:

				Fund Leve	el			<u> vo</u>	<u>ernment Wi</u>	de	
	Defe	erred		Deferred			Deferred		Deferred		
	Outf	lows		<u>Inflows</u>	<u>Un</u>	earned	<u>Outflows</u>		<u>Inflows</u>	<u>Unearne</u>	<u>ed</u>
Pension related	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$3,793,536	\$	-	\$	-
Special assessments receivable											
(General Fund)		-		360,837		-	-		-		-
Ambulance billing receivable (General Fu	ınd)	-		165,860		-	-		-		-
Land sales receivable (General Fund)		-		17,019		-	-		-		-
Land sales receivable (Airport											
Land Sales Permanent Fund)		-		438,207		-	-		-		-
Prepaid property tax (General Fund)		-		107,972		-	-		107,972		-
Prepaid licenses (General Fund)		-		2,400		-	-		2,400		-
Pension related		-		-		-	-		192,513		
Prepaid rents & leases (General Fund)		-		-	66	,963	-		-	66,96	63
Prepaid rents & leases (Airport Fund)		-		-	118	,145	-		-	118,14	45
Prepaid rents & leases (Enterprise Fund)		-		-		-	-		-	1,7	55
Grant funds received prior to meeting											
all eligibility requirements (Airport											
Improvements Capital Project Fund)			_	<u>-</u>	2	,060	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	2,0	<u>60</u>
	\$		\$ <u>1</u>	,092,295	\$ <u>187</u>	<u>,168</u>	\$ <u>3,793,536</u>		\$ <u>302,885</u>	\$ <u>188,92</u>	<u>23</u>

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2016	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 6,736,121	\$ 23,645	\$ -	\$ 6,759,766
Construction in progress	6,270,733	6,212,102	(7,513,685)	4,969,150
Total capital assets not being depreciated	13,006,854	6,235,747	(7,513,685)	11,728,916
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	66,451,236	5,192,240	-	71,643,476
Improvements other than buildings	54,964,308	1,223,308	-	56,187,616
Machinery and equipment	20,890,051	108,565	-	20,998,616
Infrastructure	69,825,881	1,112,092		70,937,973
Total capital assets being depreciated	212,131,476	7,636,205	-	219,767,681
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(20,471,311)	(1,231,018)	-	(21,702,329)
Improvements other than buildings	(21,634,126)	(1,458,941)	-	(23,093,067)
Machinery and equipment	(12,847,269)	(782,364)	-	(13,629,633)
Infrastructure	(27,559,267)	(969,471)	-	(28,528,738)
Total accumulated depreciation	(82,511,973)	<u>(4,441,794)</u>		<u>(86,953,767)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	129,619,503	3,194,411		132,813,914
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$142,626,357	<u>\$ 9,430,158</u>	\$(7,513,685)	\$144,542,830

The Internal Service Funds serve the governmental funds; therefore, their capital assets are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities.

	Balance <u>July 1, 2016</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2017</u>
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$ <u>274,500</u>	<u>\$</u> _	\$ -	\$ 274,500
Capital assets being depreciated – Buildings	5,710,219	-	-	5,710,219
Less accumulated depreciation for – Buildings	(3,026,545)	(140,446)		(3,166,991)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,683,674	(140,446)		2,543,228
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,958,174	\$ (140,446)	\$ -	\$ 2,817,728

Depreciation expense charged to each governmental function is as follows:

General government	\$	82,040
Public safety		222,150
Public works		943,672
Parks, recreation and cultural		333,904
Water and sewer services		971,901
Airport	1	,824,495
Social welfare services	_	63,632
	\$ 4	1,441,794

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

General Information About the Plan

The City participates in the Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). PERS is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan which covers eligible State and local government employees, other than teachers. The Plan was established and is administered by the State of Alaska Department of Administration. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

The Plan is included in a comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and other required supplemental information. That report is available via the internet at http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers. Actuarial valuation reports, audited financial statements, and other detailed plan information are also available on this website.

The Plan provides for retirement, death and disability, and post-employment health care benefits. There are three tiers of employees, based on entry date. For all tiers within the Defined Benefit (DB) plan, full retirement benefits are generally calculated using a formula comprised of a multiplier times the average monthly salary (AMS) times the number of years of service. The multiplier is increased at longevity milestone markers for most employees. Police/Fire employees accrue benefits at an accelerated rate. The tiers within the Plan establish differing criteria regarding normal retirement age, early retirement age, and the criteria for calculation of AMS, COLA adjustments, and other OPEB benefits. A complete benefit comparison chart is available at the website noted above.

The PERS DB Plan was closed to new entrants effective June 30, 2006. New employees hired after that date participate in the PERS Defined Contribution (DC) Plan described later in these notes.

Historical Context and Special Funding Situation

In April 2008, the Alaska Legislature passed legislation converting the previously existing PERS plan from an agent-multiple employer plan to a cost-sharing plan with an effective date of July 1, 2008. In connection with this conversion, the State of Alaska passed additional legislation which statutorily capped the employer contribution rate, established a state funded "on-behalf" contribution (subject to funding availability), and

required that employer contributions be calculated against *all* PERS eligible wages, including wages paid to participants of the PERS Tier IV defined contribution plan described later in these footnotes.

Alaska Statute 39.35.255 requires the State of Alaska to contribute to the Plan an amount such that, when combined with the employer contribution, is sufficient to pay the Plan's past service liability contribution rate as adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board. As such, the Plan is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB, and management has recorded all pension related liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows, and disclosures on this basis.

The City records the on-behalf contributions as revenue and expense/expenditures as prescribed by GAAP, pursuant to the relevant basis of accounting based on fund type.

It is important to note that the Alaska Legislature has the power and authority to change the aforementioned statute through the legislative process.

Employee Contribution Rates

Regular employees are required to contribute 6.75% of their annual covered salary (Police and firefighters are required to contribute 7.5% of their annual covered salary).

Employer and Other Contribution Rates

There are several contribution rates associated with the pension and healthcare contributions and related liabilities. These amounts are calculated on an annual basis.

Employer Effective Rate: This is the contractual employer pay-in rate. Under current legislation, this rate is statutorily capped at 22% of eligible wages, subject to a wage floor, and other termination events. This 22% rate is calculated on *all* PERS participating wages, including those wages attributable to employees in the defined contribution plan. Contributions derived from the defined contribution employees are referred to as the Defined Benefit Unfunded Liability or DBUL contribution.

ARM Board Adopted Rate: This is the rate formally adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board. This rate is actuarially determined and used to calculate annual Plan funding requirements, without regard to the statutory rate cap or the GASB accounting rate. Effective July 1, 2015, the Legislature requires the ARM Board to adopt employer contribution rates for past service liabilities using a level percent of pay method over a closed 25 year term which ends in 2039. This change results in lower ARM Board Rates than previously adopted.

On-behalf Contribution Rate: This is the rate paid in by the State as an on-behalf payment under the current statute. The statute requires the State to contribute, based on funding availability, an on-behalf amount equal to the difference between the ARM Board Rate and the Employer Effective Rate. In the governmental fund financial statements, on-behalf contribution amounts have been recognized as additional revenues and expenditures. In the enterprise fund and government-wide financial statements, the on-behalf amounts reflect revenue and expense only during the measurement period in which the Plan recognizes the payments, resulting in a significant timing difference between the cash transfers and revenue and expense recognition.

GASB Rate: This is the rate used to determine the long-term pension and healthcare liability for plan accounting purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as established by GASB. Certain actuarial methods and assumptions for this rate calculation are mandated by GASB. Additionally, the GASB Rate disregards all future Medicare Part D payments. For FY17, the rate uses an 8% pension discount rate and a 4.30% healthcare discount rate.

The GASB Rate and the ARM Board Adopted Rate differ significantly as a direct result of variances in the actuarial methods and assumptions used.

Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2017 were determined in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.

	Employer	ARM Board	State	
	Effective	Adopted	Contribution	GASB
	<u>Rate</u>	Rate	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Rate</u>
Pension	14.96%	20.34%	4.14%	24.49%
Postemployment healthcare (See				
Note E-3)	7.04%	5.80%	0.00%	56.64%
Total Contribution Rates	22.00%	26.14%	4.14%	81.13%

In 2017, the City was credited with the following contributions into the pension plan.

	Measurement	
	Period	
	City FY16	City FY17
Employer contributions (including DBUL)	\$ 811,111	\$ 891,552
Nonemployer contributions (on-behalf)	<u>316,111</u>	349,046
Total Contributions	\$ <u>1,127,222</u>	\$ <u>1,240,598</u>

In addition, employee contributions to the plan totaled \$258,043 during the City fiscal year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City for its proportional share, the related State proportion, and the total were as follows:

	<u>2017</u>
City proportionate share of NPL	\$17, 270,8 46
State's proportionate share of NPL associated with the City	<u>2,174,127</u>
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ <u>19,444,973</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, including the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was 0.30898 percent, which was an increase of 0.047170 from its proportion measured as of the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,067,248 and on-behalf revenue of \$293,075 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ed Deferred
vs Inflows
rces of Resources
38 \$(192,513)
57 -
-
98 -
<u> </u>
<u>\$(192,513)</u>
3

The \$891,552 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,

2018	\$1,211,755
2019	355,575
2020	694,001
2021	448,140

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 (City fiscal year 2017) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation (latest available) were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board to better reflect expected future experience.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal – Level Percentage of Payroll

Asset Valuation Method Invested assets are reported at fair value

Allocation Methodology Amount for FY14 and FY13 were allocated to employers based

on actual contributions made in FY14 and FY13, respectively

Amounts for FY15 were allocated to employers based on the projected present value of contributions for FY17-FY39. The

liability is expected to go to zero at 2039

Investment Return / Discount Rate 8.00% per year (geometric), compounded annually, net of

expenses

Salary Scale Inflation – 3.12% per year

Productivity – 0.50% per year

Peace Officer/Firefighter - graded by years of service from

9.66% to 4.92%

All others – graded by age and years of service from 8.55% to

4.34%

Total Inflation Measured by the consumer price index for urban and clerical

workers for Anchorage and is assumed to increase 3.12%

annually.

Mortality Pre-termination – Based on the 2010-2013 actual mortality

experience

Post-termination – 96% of all rates of the RP-2000 table, 2000

base year projected to 2018 with projection scale BB

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below exclude the inflation component):

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	5.35%
Global equity (non-US)	5.55%
Private equity	6.25%
Fixed income	0.80%
Real estate	3.65%
Alternative equity	4.70%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	
	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(7.00%)</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>	<u>(9.00%)</u>
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$22,243,975	\$17,270,846	\$13,076,241

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

2. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Employees hired after July 1, 2006 participate in PERS Tier IV, a defined contribution plan. This Plan is administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration in conjunction with the defined benefit plan noted above. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature. The Alaska Retirement Management Board may also amend contribution requirements. Included in the Plan are individual pension accounts, retiree medical insurance plan and a separate Health Reimbursement Arrangement account that will help retired members pay medical premiums and other eligible medical expenses not covered by the medical plan. This Plan is included in the comprehensive annual financial report for PERS, and at the following website, as noted above. http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers.

Contributions to the DC plan consist solely of employer and employee contributions with no special funding or other nonemployer contributions. In addition, actual remittances to the PERS system require that the City contribute at 22%. After deducting the DC plan contributions (and related OPEB contributions), the remaining remittance (the DBUL) is deposited into the DB plan as noted earlier.

Benefit Terms

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and vest 25% with two years of service, plus an additional 25% per year thereafter for full vesting at five years of service.

Employee Contribution Rate

Employees are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary. This amount goes directly to the individual's account.

Employer Contribution Rate

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City was required to contribute 5% of covered salary into the Plan. In addition, during FY17, the State on-behalf contribution rate for OPEB was 0.00%.

The City and employee contributions to PERS for pensions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$202,118 and \$323,388, respectively. The City contribution amount was recognized as pension expense/expenditures.

3. Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

As part of its participation in the PERS DB Plan (Tiers I, II, III), the City participates in the Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust (ARHCT). The ARHCT is self-funded and provides major medical coverage to retirees of the System. Benefits vary by Tier level. The Plan is administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration. Employer contribution rates are established in concert with the Defined Benefit Pension Plan described earlier in these notes.

Employer Contribution Rate

The City is required to contribute 8.75% of covered payroll into the OPEB plan. Employees do not contribute.

Annual Postemployment Healthcare Cost

Actual contributions into the Plan for the last three years were as follows. The amounts reported here include only the employer required contributions and do not include any amounts attributed to the on-behalf contributions by the State. In 2015 and 2017, there were no on-behalf contributions into the OPEB Plan; however, on-behalf contributions to the OPEB Plan in 2016 were \$135,367.

	Annual		
	OPEB	City	% of Costs
Year Ended June 30,	<u>Costs</u>	Contributions	Contributed
2017	\$419,562	\$419,562	100%
2016	\$535,416	\$535,416	100%
2015	\$589,138	\$589,138	100%

Defined Contribution OPEB

Defined Contribution Pension Plan participants (PERS Tier IV) participate in the Occupational Death and Disability Plan (ODD), and the Retiree Medical Plan. Information on these plans is included in the comprehensive annual financial report for the PERS Plan noted above. These plans provide for death, disability, and post-employment health care benefits.

Employer Contribution Rates

Employees do not contribute to the DC OPEB plans. Employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Other	Police/Fire
	<u>Tier IV</u>	Tier IV
Retiree medical plan	1.18%	1.18%
Occupational death and disability benefits	<u>0.17</u> %	<u>0.49</u> %
Total Contribution Rates	<u>1.35</u> %	<u>1.67</u> %

In addition, PERS defined contribution members also participate in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement. AS 39.30.370 establishes this contribution amount as "three percent of the average annual employee compensation of *all employees of all employers* in the plan". As of July 1, 2016, for actual remittance, this amount is calculated as a flat rate for each full time or part-time employee per pay period and approximates \$2,049 per year for each full-time employee, and \$1.318 per hour for part-time employees.

Annual Postemployment Healthcare Cost

In 2017, the City contributed \$183,200 in DC OPEB costs. These amounts have been recognized as expense/expenditures.

F. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Activity in long-term liabilities in governmental activities is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2016	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2017	Due within one year
Compensated absences Net Pension liability	\$ 833,462 12,697,944	\$ 843,209 4,572,902	\$840,254 -	\$ 836,417 17,270,846	\$209,104
Library expansion bonds Total governmental activities	1,530,000 \$15,061,406	\$ <u>5,416,111</u>	<u>85,000</u> \$ <u>925,254</u>		90,000 \$ <u>299,104</u>

Activity in long-term liabilities in business-type activities is as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due within	
	July 1, 2016	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	June 30, 2017	one year	
Compensated absences	\$ <u>4,163</u>	\$ <u>5,408</u>	\$ <u>6,552</u>	\$ <u>3,019</u>	\$ <u>755</u>	

The City of Kenai has issued general obligation bonds for the expansion of the Kenai Community Library. The general obligation bonds pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Bonds in the amount of \$2,000,000 were issued on March 11, 2010. \$1,355,000 of the total was issued under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond Program and the remaining \$645,000 were issued utilizing traditional tax exempt bonds.

A summary of bonds payable (in thousands) at June 30, 2017, is as follows:

Date of Issue	Issued	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Federal Interest <u>Subsidy</u>	Maturity <u>Dates</u>	Annual Installments	Federal Interest Subsidy	Net Installments	Outstanding June 30, 2017
3/11/10 3/11/10	\$1,355 <u>645</u> \$2,000	5.99 - 6.34 2.00 - 5.00	2.70 - 2.85 -	2019 - 2030 2012 - 2018	\$81 - \$175 90	\$4 - \$38 -	\$77 - \$137 92 - 95	\$1,355 <u>90</u> \$1,445

Debt service requirements for the library expansion bonds at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

		Governmental Activities				
			Interest	Net		
Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Subsidy</u>	<u>Interest</u>		
2018	\$ 90,000	\$ 86,998	\$ 37,529	\$ 49,469		
2019	95,000	83,398	37,529	45,869		
2020	95,000	77,704	34,967	42,737		
2021	100,000	72,011	32,405	39,606		
2022	105,000	66,018	29,708	36,310		
2023-2027	570,000	232,285	104,528	127,757		
2028-2030	390,000	50,094	22,542	27,552		
Total	\$ <u>1,445,000</u>	\$ <u>668,508</u>	\$ <u>299,208</u>	\$ <u>369,300</u>		

Remaining unissued are \$2,000,000 in general obligation bonds authorized by City voters for the City's Kenai River Bluff Erosion Project.

The City has a legal debt limit equal to twenty percent of the assessed value of all real and personal property in the City. The 2016 Certified Main and Supplemental Tax Roles for the City showed total taxable assessed for real and personal property of \$868,723,747, making the legal debt limit \$173,744,749 for the City.

G. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Amounts due from other funds are as follows:

Due to General Fund from - Airport Improvements Capital Project Fund for short-term capital advances	\$ <u>46,934</u>
Transfers between funds were as follows: From General Fund to: Nonmajor governmental funds for capital costs Nonmajor governmental funds for debt service Nonmajor governmental funds for operational costs Internal service fund for fund capitalization	\$ 321,400 140,439 183,291 100,000
From Airport Special Revenue Fund to: Airport Improvements Capital Project Fund for capital costs Internal service fund for fund capitalization	120,000 7,437
From Airport Land Sales Permanent Fund to - Airport Special Revenue Fund for operating costs	1,175,414
From nonmajor governmental funds to: General fund for operational costs Water & Sewer Improvements Capital Project Fund for capital costs Internal service fund for fund capitalization	274,105 353,792 9,652
From enterprise fund to – Internal service fund for capitalization Total transfers to other funds	<u>548</u> \$2,686,078

H. Fund Balance Designations

Pursuant to GASB Statement Number 54, fund balances reported for the major funds and the nonmajor funds in the aggregate on the governmental funds balance sheet are subject to the following constraints:

Nananandahla	<u>General</u>	Airport Special <u>Revenue</u>	Airport Land Sales <u>Permanent</u>	Airport Improv. <u>Capital Proj.</u>	Water & Sewer Improv. <u>Capital Proj.</u>	Nonmajor and Other Funds	<u>Totals</u>
Nonspendable – Permanent funds	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$ <u>24,280,015</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>3,049,939</u>	\$ <u>27,329,954</u>
Restricted –Athletics	628,599				-		628,599
Committed: Encumbrances Capital Imp. Budget stabilization Subsequent years	21,815 1,000,000 4,959,547	- - -	- - -	- 241,759 -	- 539,059 -	385,365 -	21,815 2,166,183 4,959,547
expenditures Total committed	859,300 6,840,662			<u>-</u> 241,759	<u>-</u> 539,059	385,365	859,300 8,006,845
Assigned: Operational & capital							
contingency reserve Compensated abs. Airport operations Water & sewer	1,652,521 729,265	63,787 5,012,519	- - -	- - -	- - -	23,694	1,652,521 816,746 5,012,519
operations Personal use fishery	-	-	-	-	-	2,050,764	2,050,764
operations Total assigned	2,381,786	5,076,306		<u> </u>		199,530 2,273,988	199,530 9,732,080
Unassigned Total fund balances	697,159 \$10,548,206	\$ <u>5,076,306</u>	\$ <u>24,280,015</u>	\$ <u>241,759</u>	\$ <u>539,059</u>	\$ <u>5,709,292</u>	697,159 \$46,394,637

I. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; environmental contamination; and natural disasters. Risk financing activities are accounted for in various operating funds, with unallocated or Citywide activities being accounted for in the General Fund. The City purchases commercial insurance to transfer a substantial portion of the above risks of loss. Property insurance is purchased to provide coverage for buildings and heavy equipment, generally with deductibles of \$25,000. Various liability insurance policies are purchased to provide protection against torts, injuries, and errors and omissions. Most liability policies are written with low or zero deductibles. In addition to the deductibles on insurance policies, the City retains risk of loss related to certain potential liabilities and property damages. These include environmental liabilities, employment discrimination, and vehicle property losses. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City analyzes potential losses on a case-by-case basis to determine amounts that should be accrued or disclosed in the financial statements.

J. Contingencies

The City is involved in several lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of operations, including actions commenced and claims asserted against it. Management of the City does not believe that the ultimate resolution of these lawsuits and claims will have any material effect on its financial position or results of operations, and therefore, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

K. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has passed several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates as follows. The statements are being reviewed by management for potential financial reporting impacts.

GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – Effective for year-end June 30, 2018 - The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities.

GASB 81 – *Irrevocable Split-interest Agreements* - Effective for year-end June 30, 2018 with early implementation encouraged - The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

GASB 83 – Certain Asset Retirement Obligations – Effective for year-end June 30, 2019, with earlier application encouraged – This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations that are legally enforceable liabilities associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset.

GASB 84 – Fiduciary Activities – Effective for year-end June 30, 2020, with earlier application encouraged – This statement addresses criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities.

GASB 85 – Omnibus – Effective for year-end June 30, 2018, with earlier application encouraged – This statement addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. Issues covered include blending of component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits.

GASB 86 – Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues – Effective for year-end June 30, 2018, with earlier application encouraged – This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt when only existing resources are used, as well as accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on extinguished debt.

GASB 87 – Leases – Effective for year-end June 30, 2021, with earlier application encouraged – This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With <u>Final Budget</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General property	\$ 3,800,759	\$ 3,800,759	\$ 3,851,900	\$ 51,141
General sales	7,329,099	7,329,099	6,715,501	(613,598)
Penalty and interest on taxes	10,000	10,000	67,897	57,897
Total taxes	11,139,858	11,139,858	10,635,298	(504,560)
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Federal grants	-	15,866	16,793	927
Kenai Peninsula Borough	52,320	52,320	52,800	480
State of Alaska shared revenues:				
Electric utility tax	33,000	33,000	30,748	(2,252)
Fish tax	200,000	200,000	165,087	(34,913)
Liquor licenses	25,000	25,000	19,950	(5,050)
Revenue sharing	277,930	277,930	278,232	302
State of Alaska grants:				
Library grants	-	6,900	6,900	-
Police grants	-	-	8,099	8,099
PERS relief	281,404	282,952	288,137	5,185
Total intergovernmental revenues	869,654	893,968	866,746	(27,222)
Charges for services:				
Fees and charges:				
Ambulance fees	400,000	400,000	419,940	19,940
Multipurpose facility charges	105,000	105,000	114,244	9,244
Administrative and service fees	1,528,200	1,528,200	1,528,200	-
Other	10,500	10,500	17,444	6,944
Total fees and charges	2,043,700	2,043,700	2,079,828	36,128
Licenses and permits:				
Building permits	65,000	65,000	34,385	(30,615)
Animal control licenses and fees	75,500	75,500	38,849	(36,651)
Other	6,000	6,000	7,478	1,478
Total licenses and permits	146,500	146,500	80,712	(65,788)
Fines and forfeits:				
Court fines	60,000	60,000	46,538	(13,462)
Library fines	15,000	15,000	11,011	(3,989)
Other forfeitures	26,000	30,587	25,545	(5,042)
Total fines and forfeits	101,000	105,587	83,094	(22,493)
Total charges for services	2,291,200	2,295,787	2,243,634	(52,153)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL, continued

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues, continued:				
Investment earnings	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 35,762	\$ (39,238)
Miscellaneous revenues:				
Rents and leases	188,700	188,700	190,573	1,873
Oil and gas royalties	36,000	36,000	37,510	1,510
Special assessments	31,000	31,000	16,452	(14,548)
Other	50,285	59,846	70,586	10,740
Total miscellaneous revenues	305,985	315,546	315,121	(425)
Total revenues	14,681,697	14,720,159	14,096,561	(623,598)
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Legislative:				
Personal services	51,850	51,850	51,618	232
Supplies	7,150	10,750	6,452	4,298
Other services and charges	126,870	122,270	106,364	15,906
Total legislative	185,870	184,870	164,434	20,436
City clerk:				
Personal services	198,082	224,682	214,222	10,460
Supplies	19,806	19,806	13,324	6,482
Other services and charges	58,370	58,370	41,760	16,610
Total city clerk	276,258	302,858	269,306	33,552
City attorney:				
Personal services	286,855	286,855	276,492	10,363
Supplies	2,255	4,255	2,781	1,474
Other services and charges	59,792	59,792	22,888	36,904
Total city attorney	348,902	350,902	302,161	48,741
City manager:				
Personal services	346,531	389,168	324,742	64,426
Supplies	2,510	4,010	2,604	1,406
Other services and charges	30,490	38,831	23,513	15,318
Total city manager	379,531	432,009	350,859	81,150

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL, continued

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures, continued:				
General government, continued:				
Finance:				
Personal services	\$ 586,741	\$ 601,254	\$ 556,782	\$ 44,472
Supplies	40,723	40,223	33,441	6,782
Other services and charges	24,840	25,340	13,090	12,250
Total finance	652,304	666,817	603,313	63,504
Non-departmental:				
Personal services	281,404	282,952	288,137	(5,185)
Supplies	18,935	23,144	18,276	4,868
Other services and charges	459,078	450,554	275,461	175,093
Total non-departmental	759,417	756,650	581,874	174,776
Planning and zoning:				
Personal services	167,670	200,999	177,998	23,001
Supplies	13,740	13,740	8,306	5,434
Other services and charges	32,440	29,040	17,235	11,805
Total planning and zoning	213,850	243,779	203,539	40,240
Safety:				
Supplies	1,800	1,800	998	802
Other services and charges	21,450	21,450	1,422	20,028
Total safety	23,250	23,250	2,420	20,830
Land administration:				
Supplies	1,020	1,020	329	691
Other services and charges	25,250	25,650	18,845	6,805
Capital outlays		7,500	7,446	54
Total land administration	26,270	34,170	26,620	7,550
Total general government	2,865,652	2,995,305	2,504,526	490,779
Public safety:				
Police:				
Personal services	2,686,356	2,647,007	2,394,370	252,637
Supplies	89,860	91,868	90,286	1,582
Other services and charges	170,210	172,789	155,841	16,948
Total police	2,946,426	2,911,664	2,640,497	271,167

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL, continued

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures, continued:				
Public safety, continued:				
Fire:				
Personal services	\$ 2,658,816	\$ 2,679,409	\$ 2,567,460	\$ 111,949
Supplies	80,600	87,708	79,121	8,587
Other services and charges	329,857	310,321	280,760	29,561
Capital outlays	8,200	8,543	8,514	29
Total fire	3,077,473	3,085,981	2,935,855	150,126
Communications:				
Personal services	788,004	788,004	689,453	98,551
Supplies	9,885	9,885	5,266	4,619
Other services and charges	41,385	41,385	31,738	9,647
Total communications	839,274	839,274	726,457	112,817
Animal control:				
Personal services	276,357	276,357	262,222	14,135
Supplies	14,125	14,663	10,558	4,105
Other services and charges	130,783	130,245	104,201	26,044
Total animal control	421,265	421,265	376,981	44,284
Total public safety	7,284,438	7,258,184	6,679,790	578,394
Public works:				
Public works administration:				
Personal services	221,319	221,319	247,744	(26,425)
Supplies	8,922	8,872	3,774	5,098
Other services and charges	6,407	6,457	(35,912)	42,369
Total public works administration	236,648	236,648	215,606	21,042
Shop:				
Personal services	346,211	346,211	336,335	9,876
Supplies	185,505	182,905	159,169	23,736
Other services and charges	94,383	115,983	98,729	17,254
Capital outlays	32,728	32,728	32,787	(59)
Total shop	658,827	677,827	627,020	50,807
Streets:				
Personal services	597,280	597,280	493,852	103,428
Supplies	143,755	137,576	122,435	15,141
Other services and charges	257,817	239,171	230,700	8,471
Total streets	998,852	974,027	846,987	127,040

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL, continued

Expenditures, continued:	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With <u>Final Budget</u>	
Public works, continued:					
Dock:					
Personal services	\$ 46,283	3 \$ 46,283	\$ 22,350	\$ 23,933	
Supplies	13,040	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,020	3,818	
Other services and charges	36,875		39,648	6,399	
Capital outlays	20,000	16,030		16,030	
Total dock	116,198	116,198	66,018	50,180	
Buildings:	•	_	·		
Personal services	235,506	3 235,506	229,868	5,638	
Supplies	44,415	42,818	30,131	12,687	
Other services and charges	55,586	54,183	44,241	9,942	
Total buildings	335,507	332,507	304,240	28,267	
Street lighting:					
Supplies	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	
Other services and charges	160,85	160,851	154,579	6,272	
Total street lighting	165,85	165,851	154,579	11,272	
Total public works	2,511,883	2,503,058	2,214,450	288,608	
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Library:					
Personal services	664,025		619,400	49,875	
Supplies	16,950		12,704	5,746	
Other services and charges	221,793		202,549	25,894	
Capital outlays	15,000		5,061	15,000	
Total library	917,768	936,229	839,714	96,515	
Visitors center:					
Supplies	1,000		1,473	727	
Other services and charges	180,747		176,322	3,225	
Total visitors center	181,747	181,747	177,795	3,952	
Parks, recreation & beautification:					
Personal services	502,908		495,191	27,177	
Supplies	108,660		104,249	4,949	
Other services and charges	483,934		479,715	3,681	
Capital outlays	30,000			24,000	
Total parks, recreation & beautification	1,125,502	2 1,138,962	1,079,155	59,807	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	2,225,017	2,256,938	2,096,664	160,274	
Total expenditures	14,886,990	15,013,485	13,495,430	1,518,055	

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL, continued

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With <u>Final Budget</u>	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (205,293)	\$ (293,326)	\$ 601,131	\$ 894,457	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Net other financing sources (uses)	148,009 (583,299) (435,290)	148,009 (825,299) (677,290)	274,105 (745,130) (471,025)	126,096 80,169 206,265	
Net changes in fund balance	\$ (640,583)	\$ (970,616)	130,106	\$ 1,100,722	
Fund balance - July 1			10,418,100		
Fund balance - June 30			\$ 10,548,206		

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA AIRPORT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Revenues:	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget
Intergovernmental revenues - State grant	\$ 30,961	\$ 30,961	\$ 29,725	\$ (1,236)
Charge for services - landing fees	375,000	375,000	529,132	154,132
Investment earnings	25,000	25,000	15,598	(9,402)
Miscellaneous revenues:				
Rents and leases, including				
penalty and interest	1,044,882	1,164,882	1,006,854	(158,028)
Parking fees	300,000	300,000	233,284	(66,716)
Car rental commissions	195,000	195,000	156,497	(38,503)
Advertising commissions	6,000	6,000	7,421	1,421
Fuel flowage	35,000	35,000	29,207	(5,793)
Other	36,500	36,500	21,432	(15,068)
Total miscellaneous revenues	1,617,382	1,737,382	1,454,695	(282,687)
Total revenues	2,048,343	2,168,343	2,029,150	(139,193)
Expenditures:				
Maintenance and operation:				
Personal services	342,151	363,426	355,201	8,225
Supplies	163,435	163,435	143,312	20,123
Other services and charges	344,435	323,014	287,705	35,309
Capital outlays	42,000	35,999	35,999	
	892,021	885,874	822,217	63,657
Expenditures chargeable from	040.000	040.000	040.000	
other funds	818,300	818,300	818,300	
Total maintenance and operation	1,710,321	1,704,174	1,640,517	63,657
Administration:				
Personal services	218,008	218,008	208,197	9,811
Supplies	2,925	2,925	2,161	764
Other services and charges	40,326	36,277	19,950	16,327
Ç	261,259	257,210	230,308	26,902
Expenditures chargeable from	•	,	, -	•
other funds	54,000	54,000	54,000	<u> </u>
Total administration	315,259	311,210	284,308	26,902

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA AIRPORT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL, continued

	Original Final			Variance With	
Expenditures, continued:	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Final Budget	
Land:					
Personal services	\$ 76,144	\$ 80,350	\$ 73,166	\$ 7,184	
Supplies	21,470	25,210	24,209	1,001	
Other services and charges	77,310	77,820	39,072	38,748	
Capital outlays		62,500	3,500	59,000	
Total land	174,924	245,880	139,947	105,933	
Training facility -					
Other services and charges	36,768	42,017	40,295	1,722	
Terminal:					
Personal services	183,580	183,580	169,097	14,483	
Supplies	34,695	34,695	16,711	17,984	
Other services and charges	344,478	328,731	311,842	16,889	
Capital outlays	-	12,944	12,406	538	
	562,753	559,950	510,056	49,894	
Expenditures chargeable from					
other funds	68,200	68,200	68,200		
Total terminal	630,953	628,150	578,256	49,894	
Total expenditures	2,868,225	2,931,431	2,683,323	248,108	
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(819,882)	(763,088)	(654,173)	108,915	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	1,184,356	1,184,356	1,175,414	(8,942)	
Transfers out		(127,437)	(127,437)		
Net other financing sources (uses)	1,184,356	1,056,919	1,047,977	(8,942)	
Net changes in fund balance	\$ 364,474	\$ 293,831	393,804	\$ 99,973	
Fund balance - July 1			4,682,502		
Fund balance - June 30			\$ 5,076,306		

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S INFORMATION ON THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Years Ended <u>June 30,</u>	City's proportion of the net pension <u>liability</u>	City's proportionate share of the net pension <u>liability</u>	State of Alaska proportionate share of the net pension <u>liability</u>	Total net pension <u>liability</u>	City's covered- employee payroll	City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension <u>liability</u>
2008	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2009	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2010	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2011	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2012	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2013	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2014	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2015	0.18506%	\$ 8,631,519	\$ 7,550,147	\$ 16,181,666	\$ 4,739,928	182.10%	62.37%
2016	0.26181%	12,697,944	3,401,936	16,099,880	4,415,909	287.55%	63.96%
2017	0.30898%	17,270,846	2,174,127	19,444,973	4,180,200	413.16%	59.55%

^{*} Information for these years is not available.

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA **PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM** SCHEDULE OF THE CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

Years Ended June 30,	r	ntractually equired atributions	rela cor r	ributions in tion to the ntractually equired ntributions	Contribut deficiend (excess	су	er	s covered- mployee payroll	as a po of c	ributions ercentage overed- ployee ayroll
2008		*		*	*			*		*
2009		*		*	*			*		*
2010		*		*	*			*		*
2011		*	*		*		*			*
2012		*		*	*	* *		*		*
2013		*		*	*			*		*
2014		*		*	*			*		*
2015	\$	780,934	\$	780,934	-	-	\$	4,415,909		17.68%
2016		811,111		811,111	-	-		4,180,200		19.40%
2017		891,552		891,552	-	-		7,663,488		11.63%

^{*} Information for these years is not available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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I. BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental fund types, except the Capital Project Funds which adopt project-length budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at a fiscal year end.

Budgets for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, permanent funds and enterprise funds are annual budgets. Capital project fund budgets are project-length budgets. The Equipment Replacement Fund, which is an internal service fund, is not required to have a budget. The City Council approves all asset acquisitions from this fund by resolution. The Employee Health Care Fund is an internal service fund which was capitalized in FY2017 via transfers from participating funds but for which no budget was adopted. In future years, an annual budget will be adopted for the Employee Health Care Fund.

Annual budgets must be submitted to the City Council by the City Manager during or prior to the sixth week preceding the first day of each fiscal year. The City Council must adopt an annual budget and set the tax rates not later than the tenth day of June for the following fiscal year.

Budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget) is maintained at the object class level by the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders which would result in an overrun of object class balances are not released until additional appropriations are made available.

Amendments to appropriations may be made by the city administration by transfers within a fund in amounts less than \$5,000. Amendments within a fund in excess of \$5,000 may be made by the City Council with the passage of a resolution. All new appropriations are authorized by an appropriating ordinance that amends the annual budget.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as appropriate constraints of fund balances if they meet the definitions and criteria as outlined in Note I-7. These commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

II. SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S INFORMATION ON THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date. For June 30, 2017, the Plan measurement date is June 30, 2016.

III. SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS – PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

This table is based on the City's contributions for each year presented. These contributions have been reported as a deferred outflow on the statement of net position.

Both pension tables are intended to present 10 years of information. Additional years' information will be added to the schedules as it becomes available.

There were no changes in benefit terms from the prior measurement period.

The plan administrator elected to extend the amortization period for the system's unfunded liability by nine years. This change, coupled with the funding requirement of Alaska Statute 39.35.255, shifted a significant amount of the Net Pension Liability from the State of Alaska to the City.

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Other Governmental Funds

This section includes the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual, for the Airport Land Sales Permanent Fund, which is a major fund, as well as the Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. It also includes a Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual for each nonmajor governmental fund that adopted an annual budget.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for a specific purpose.

Personal Use Fishery Fund – This fund accounts for the activities responding to the State of Alaska Personal Use Fishery where thousands of Alaskans harvest salmon at the mouth of the Kenai River. The primary source of revenue is from user fees. Activities include public safety, parks, recreation and culture, and public works.

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures in the water and sewer fund. The primary source of revenue is from user fees.

Senior Citizen Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the Senior Citizen Title III Grant Program which is substantially financed by intergovernmental revenues. Activities include social services and a nutrition program.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are established to account for the resources expended to acquire assets of a relatively permanent nature. These funds evolved from the need for special accounting for bond proceeds, grants and contributions for the acquisition of capital assets. Capital Project Funds provide a formal mechanism which enables administrators to ensure that revenues dedicated to a certain purpose are used only for that purpose and further enables them to report to creditors and other grantors of capital projects fund revenue, that their requirements regarding the use of the revenue were fully satisfied.

Parks and Recreation - to account for capital improvements to City parks and recreation facilities. Financing is primarily from General Fund transfers and State grants.

Streets – to account for capital improvements to City streets, sidewalks, curbs and gutters, or street lighting systems. Financing is primarily by State grants and transfers from the General Fund.

New City Shop Construction – to account for the project to construct a new heavy equipment warm storage facility. Financing is primarily by State grants.

Miscellaneous - to account for capital projects which do not fit in one of the other fund categories. These projects are generally smaller projects, which may be funded through transfers from other funds or by State or Federal grants.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate monies for payment of general obligation bonds issued for construction, improvements, and equipping public facilities throughout the City.

Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used.

General Government Land Sales - to account for the proceeds of general government land sales, including principal and interest on long-term notes. By City Charter, the principal cannot be spent. Interest revenue is transferred to the General Fund in the amount of 5% of the funds balance or calendar year actual earnings as measured at December 31st of each year.

Airport Land Sales - to account for the proceeds of airport land sales, including principal and interest on long-term notes. By ordinance, 5% of the calendar year end five year average balance is transferred to the Airport Special Revenue Fund for operations. Note that this is a major fund and is therefore not included in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statements.

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CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2017

	S	pecial Revenu	Capital Project			
ASSETS	Personal Use Fishery	Water and Sewer	Senior Citizen	Parks and Recreation	Streets	
Equity in central treasury (cash and investments) Intergovernmental receivables Prepaid items Other accounts receivable, net Total assets	\$ 216,684 - - - - \$ 216,684	\$ 2,046,594 	\$ 26,338 10,064 525 21,617 \$ 58,544	\$ 6,236 1,473 - - - \$ 7,709	\$ 121,588 35,548 - - - \$ 157,136	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 13,128 - - - 13,128	\$ 78,609 19,606 119,359 217,574	\$ 22,360 19,063 17,121 58,544	\$ - - - -	\$ 69,007 - - - 69,007	
Fund balances: Nonspendable Committed Assigned Total fund balances	203,556 203,556	2,070,432 2,070,432	- - - -	7,709	88,129 - 88,129	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 216,684	\$ 2,288,006	\$ 58,544	\$ 7,709	<u>\$ 157,136</u>	

Capital Project		Debt S	Debt Service		ermanent				
New City Shop Construction		Miscellaneous		2010 Bond Debt Service		General Government Land Sales		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	- - -	\$	283,530 6,151 -	\$	- - -	\$	3,037,872 - - 12,525	\$	5,738,842 53,236 525 275,554
\$	_	\$	289,681	\$	_	\$	3,050,397	\$	6,068,157
\$	- - - -	\$	154 - - 154	\$	- - - -	\$	458 - - - 458	\$	183,716 38,669 136,480 358,865
	- - - -		289,527 - 289,527		- - -	_	3,049,939		3,049,939 385,365 2,273,988 5,709,292
\$		\$	289,681	\$		\$	3,050,397	\$	6,068,157

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Sp	ecial Revenu	ne	Capital Project			
	Personal Use Fishery	Water and Sewer	Senior Citizen	Parks and Recreation	Streets		
Revenues:				• • • • • •			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 2,688	\$ 23,142	\$ 357,276	\$ 2,116	\$ 157,673		
Charges for services	571,558	2,761,820	-	-	-		
Investment earnings	671	5,117	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous revenues		4,361	324,935				
Total revenues	574,917	2,794,440	682,211	2,116	157,673		
Expenditures:							
General government	-	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	116,874	-	-	-	_		
Water and sewer services	-	2,067,267	-	-	-		
Social welfare services	-	-	865,777	-	-		
Parks, recreation and cultural	267,535	-	-	99,413	-		
Public works	125,737	-	-	-	212,544		
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest					<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures	510,146	2,067,267	865,777	99,413	212,544		
Excess of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	64,771	727,173	(183,566)	(97,297)	(54,871)		
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	-	-	183,291	-	78,000		
Transfers out	(1,151)	(362,293)		(117,384)			
Net other financing sources (uses)	(1,151)	(362,293)	183,291	(117,384)	78,000		
Net changes in fund balances	63,620	364,880	(275)	(214,681)	23,129		
Fund balances - July 1	139,936	1,705,552	275	222,390	65,000		
Fund balances - June 30	\$ 203,556	\$ 2,070,432	\$ -	\$ 7,709	\$ 88,129		

Capital Project		Dek	Debt Service		Permanent				
New City Shop Construction		Miscellaneous		2010 Bond Debt Service		General Government Land Sales		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	170,648	\$	9,037	\$	34,959	\$	_	\$	757,539
	-		-		-		-		3,333,378
	-		-		-		256,966		262,754
	_		50,000						379,296
	170,648		59,037		34,959	_	256,966		4,732,967
	_		25,142		_		_		25,142
	_		7,641		_		_		124,515
	_				_		_		2,067,267
	-		8,267		_		_		874,044
	-		_		-		-		366,948
	456,602		30,502		-		-		825,385
	-		-		85,000		-		85,000
					90,398				90,398
	456,602		71,552		175,398	_		_	4,458,699
	(285,954)		(12,515)		(140,439)		256,966		274,268
	_		243,400		140,439		_		645,130
	_		(6,919)				(149,802)		(637,549)
			236,481		140,439		(149,802)		7,581
	(285,954)		223,966		-		107,164		281,849
	285,954		65,561			_	2,942,775	_	5,427,443
\$	_	\$	289,527	\$	_	\$	3,049,939	\$	5,709,292

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA PERSONAL USE FISHERY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Final <u>sudget</u>	;	<u>Actual</u>	nce With Budget
Revenues:		_		(222)
Intergovernmental revenues - State grant	\$ 3,020	\$	2,688	\$ (332)
Charge for services - Parking, camping, and				
boat launch	571,018		571,558	540
Investment earnings	 750		671	 (79)
Total revenues	 574,788		574,917	 129
Expenditures:				
Public Safety:				
Personal services	33,691		31,393	2,298
Supplies	11,225		10,013	1,212
Other services and charges	 8,783		168	 8,615
	53,699		41,574	12,125
Expenditures chargeable from				
other funds	 75,300		75,300	 _
Total public safety	 128,999		116,874	 12,125
Public Works - Streets:				
Personal services	20,543		22,677	(2,134)
Supplies	1,492		1,472	20
Other services and charges	23,528		23,519	9
	 45,563		47,668	 (2,105)
Expenditures chargeable from				
other funds	 5,400		5,400	 <u>-</u>
Total public works - streets	 50,963		53,068	 (2,105)
Parks, Recreation & Cultural				
Personal services	115,007		96,009	18,998
Supplies	35,370		31,569	3,801
Other services and charges	112,704		112,125	579
Capital outlays	 41,950		332	 41,618
	 305,031		240,035	 64,996
Expenditures chargeable from				
other funds	 27,500		27,500	
Total parks, recreation & cultural	 332,531		267,535	 64,996

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA PERSONAL USE FISHERY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL, continued

Expenditures, continued: Public Works - Dock		Final sudget	:	<u>Actual</u>		ance With Il Budget
Personal services	\$	50,898	\$	46,817	\$	4,081
Supplies Other services and charges		2,167 14,703		2,168 14,684		(1) 19
		67,768		63,669	-	4,099
Expenditures chargeable from						
other funds		9,000		9,000		<u>-</u>
Total public works - dock		76,768		72,669		4,099
Total expenditures		589,261		510,146		79,115
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(14,473)		64,771		79,244
Other financing uses -						
Transfers out		(1,151)		(1,151)		
Net changes in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	(15,624)		63,620	\$	79,244
Fund balance - July 1				139,936		
Fund balance - June 30			\$	203,556		

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA WATER AND SEWER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental revenues -				
State grant	\$ 24,255	\$ 23,142	\$ (1,113)	
Charges for services:				
Residential water	764,902	791,580	26,678	
Commercial water	335,420	315,494	(19,926)	
Residential sewer	1,154,566	1,170,897	16,331	
Commercial sewer	493,264	445,805	(47,459)	
Hook-up fees	8,630	2,205	(6,425)	
Other	40,000	35,839	(4,161)	
Total charges for services	2,796,782	2,761,820	(34,962)	
Investment earnings	12,000	5,117	(6,883)	
Miscellaneous revenues	3,000	4,361	1,361	
Total revenues	2,836,037	2,794,440	(41,597)	
Expenditures - water and sewer services:				
Water:				
Personal services	262,312	229,618	32,694	
Supplies	157,648	95,638	62,010	
Other services and charges	351,467	261,276	90,191	
Capital outlays	24,100	23,645	455	
	795,527	610,177	185,350	
Expenditures chargeable from				
other funds	104,900	104,900		
Total water	900,427	715,077	185,350	
Sewer:				
Personal services	262,312	219,059	43,253	
Supplies	35,477	29,458	6,019	
Other services and charges	75,842	41,501	34,341	
Capital outlays	22,965	20,076	2,889	
Fun and thurse about a ship for the	396,596	310,094	86,502	
Expenditures chargeable from other funds	55 000	55 000		
	55,000	55,000		
Total sewer	451,596	365,094	86,502	

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA WATER AND SEWER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL, continued

Expenditures - continued:	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Sewer treatment plant:	<u> Buuget</u>	Actual	r mar baaget
Personal services	\$ 388,537	\$ 366,505	\$ 22,032
Supplies	140,981	79,822	61,159
Other services and charges	456,939	405,469	51,470
	986,457	851,796	134,661
Expenditures chargeable from			
other funds	135,300	135,300	<u>-</u>
Total sewer treatment plant	1,121,757	987,096	134,661
Total expenditures	2,473,780	2,067,267	406,513
Excess of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	362,257	727,173	364,916
Other financing uses -			
Transfers out	(362,293)	(362,293)	
Net changes in fund balance	\$ (36)	364,880	\$ 364,916
Fund balance - July 1		1,705,552	
Fund balance - June 30		\$ 2,070,432	

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA SENIOR CITIZEN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With <u>Final Budget</u>
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental revenues:			
State grants	\$ 207,786	\$ 208,654	\$ 868
Federal grants Kenai Peninsula Borough grant	13,000 126,207	22,415	9,415
		126,207	40.000
Total intergovernmental revenues	346,993	357,276	10,283
Miscellaneous revenues:	075 000	000 440	(54.504)
Choice Waiver reimbursement	275,000	220,419	(54,581)
United Way grants Rents and leases	9,582 13,000	5,977 8,260	(3,605) (4,740)
Donations	108,677	89,973	(18,704)
Other	300	306	6
Total miscellaneous revenues	406,559	324,935	(81,624)
Total revenues	753,552	682,211	(71,341)
Expenditures - social welfare services:			
Social services:			
Personal services	109,986	101,838	8,148
Supplies Other convices and charges	4,367 23,563	3,036 21,672	1,331 1,891
Other services and charges			1,091
Capital outlays	2,559	2,559	
	140,475	129,105	11,370
Expenditures chargeable from			
other funds	24,800	24,800	
Total social services	165,275	153,905	11,370
Congregate meals:			
Personal services	118,783	112,330	6,453
Supplies	61,448	56,817	4,631
Other services and charges	21,712	20,829	883
Capital outlays	2,559	2,559	
	204,502	192,535	11,967
Expenditures chargeable from			
other funds	25,500	25,500	<u>=</u>
Total congregate meals	230,002	218,035	11,967
Home delivered meals:	_		_
Personal services	87,113	82,035	5,078
Supplies	56,676	52,046	4,630
Other services and charges	15,195	14,069	1,126
Capital outlays	2,559	2,559	_
	161,543	150,709	10,834

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA SENIOR CITIZEN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL, continued

Expenditures - continued: Home delivered meals - continued:	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures chargeable from			
other funds	\$ 25,800	\$ 25,800	\$ -
Total home delivered meals	187,343	176,509	10,834
Transportation:			
Personal services	42,672	40,964	1,708
Supplies	11,327	9,155	2,172
Other services and charges	14,237	8,084	6,153
	68,236	58,203	10,033
Expenditures chargeable from			
other funds	9,600	9,600	<u> </u>
Total transportation	77,836	67,803	10,033
Choice Waiver:			
Personal services	125,003	117,677	7,326
Supplies	70,035	49,056	20,979
Other services and charges	31,656	27,192	4,464
	226,694	193,925	32,769
Expenditures chargeable from			
other funds	55,600	55,600	<u> </u>
Total Choice Waiver	282,294	249,525	32,769
Total expenditures	942,750	865,777	76,973
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(189,198)	(183,566)	5,632
Other financing sources -			
Transfers in	151,385	183,291	31,906
Net changes in fund balance	\$ (37,813)	(275)	\$ 37,538
Fund balance - July 1		275	
Fund balance - June 30		<u>\$</u>	

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA 2010 BOND DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues - intergovernmental	\$ 34,884	34,959	\$ 75
Expenditures - debt service:			
Principal	85,000	85,000	-
Interest	90,398	90,398	
Total expenditures	175,398	175,398	
Excess of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	(140,514)	(140,439)	75
Other financing sources -			
Transfers in	140,514	140,439	(75)
Net changes in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	-	<u>\$</u>
Fund balance - July 1			
Fund balance - June 30		\$ -	

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA GENERAL GOVERNMENT LAND SALES PERMANENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	ance With al Budget
Revenues - Investment earnings	\$	174,610	\$ 256,966	\$ 82,356
Other financing uses - Transfers out		(149,802)	 (149,802)	 <u>-</u>
Net changes in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	24,808	107,164	\$ 82,356
Fund balance - July 1			 2,942,775	
Fund balance - June 30			\$ 3,049,939	

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA AIRPORT LAND SALES PERMANENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Actual</u>		Variance With Final Budget
Revenues: Investment earnings Land sales Total revenues	\$ 1,442,251 - 1,442,251	\$ 2,055,039 362,731 2,417,770	\$ 612,788 362,731 975,519
Other financing uses - Transfers out	(1,184,356)	(1,175,414)	8,942
Net changes in fund balance	\$ 257,895	1,242,356	\$ 984,461
Fund balance - July 1		23,037,659	
Fund balance - June 30		\$ 24,280,015	

Internal Service Funds

This section includes the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows for the Internal Service Funds.

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Equipment Replacement Fund – This fund accounts for the purchase of equipment costing more than \$50,000 that will be used by the General Fund departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Employee Health Care Fund – This fund accounts for the cost in administering and providing healthcare to all eligible City employees. Charges to City departments are on a cost-reimbursement basis.

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental A Servio Equipment	Total Internal Service	
ASSETS	Replacement	Employee Health <u>Care</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Current assets - Equity in central treasury (cash and investments)	\$ 1,701,280	\$ 117,637	\$ 1,818,917
Noncurrent assets - Property and equipment in service, at cost - Equipment Less accumulated depreciation Net property and equipment in service	2,827,382 (1,371,346) 1,456,036	- - -	2,827,382 (1,371,346) 1,456,036
Total assets	\$ 3,157,316	\$ 117,637	\$ 3,274,953
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	1,456,036 1,701,280	 117,637	1,456,036 1,818,917
Total net position	\$ 3,157,316	\$ 117,637	\$ 3,274,953

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Servi	Total		
	Equipment <u>Replacement</u>	Employee Health <u>Care</u>	Internal Service <u>Funds</u>	
Operating revenues - Other revenue	\$ 339,205	\$ -	\$ 339,205	
Operating expenses - Depreciation	168,486		168,486	
Operating income	170,719	-	170,719	
Nonoperating revenues - Investment earnings	4,771		4,771	
Income before transfers	175,490		175,490	
Transfers in	_	117,637	117,637	
Changes in net position	175,490	117,637	293,127	
Net position - July 1	2,981,826	-	2,981,826	
Net position - June 30	\$ 3,157,316	\$ 117,637	\$ 3,274,953	

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds					Total	
	Equipment Replacement		Employee Health <u>Care</u>		Internal Service <u>Funds</u>		
Cash flows from operating activities - Receipts for interfund services	\$	339,205		-	\$	339,205	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities - Operating transfer from other funds		-		117,637		117,637	
Cash flows from investing activities - Investment earnings received		4,771		<u>-</u>		4,771	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		343,976		117,637		461,613	
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1		1,357,304				1,357,304	
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30	<u>\$</u>	1,701,280	\$	117,637	\$	1,818,917	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Operating income	\$	170,719	\$	-	\$	170,719	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities - Depreciation		168,486		<u>-</u> _		168,486	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	339,205	\$	-	\$	339,205	

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Fiduciary Fund

Through a management agreement, the City manages the donations of the Kenai Community Foundation, a 501(c)(3) not-for-profit entity, whose purpose is to support museums, parks and recreation, music, fine arts, library, and historic purposes within Kenai's city limits. The City's sole purpose is management of the Foundation's donations; all decisions regarding Foundation awards are made by the Foundation and not the City.

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA KENAI COMMUNITY FOUNDATION AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Balance <u>July 1, 2016</u>		<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deductions</u>		Balance <u>June 30, 2017</u>	
Assets:								
Equity in central treasury (cash and investments)	\$	132,167	\$	27,458	\$	5,000	\$	154,625
Interest receivable		543		537		543		537
Total assets	\$	132,710	\$	27,995	\$	5,543	\$	155,162
Liabilities Due to Kenai Community Foundation	\$	132,710	\$	27,995	\$	5,543	\$	155,162

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Statistical Section

This part of the City of Kenai's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Table I Net Position by Component

Table II Change in Net Position

Table III Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source

Table IV Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Table V Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Table VI General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the sales tax.

Table VII Taxable Sales by Category

Table VIII Sales Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Table IX Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type

Table X Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

Table XI Legal Debt Margin Information

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Table XII Demographic and Economic Statistics

Table XIII Principal Employers

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Table XIV Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Fund

Table XVI Operating Indicators by Function

Table XVI Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$115,402	\$118,816	\$126,700	\$133,264	\$136,834	\$135,780	\$138,334		\$141,096	\$143,098
Nonspendable	20,041	20,198	21,541	24,317	23,541	24,862	27,135		23,039	27,330
Restricted	116	217	312	279	329	409	480		2,943	628
Unrestricted	18,667	20,683	20,430	19,760	18,118	18,333	16,834		589	6,718
Total governmental activities net position	\$154,226	\$159,914	\$168,983	\$177,620	\$178,822	\$179,384	\$182,783	\$173,252	\$167,667	\$177,774
					0					
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$3,212	\$3,159	\$3,154	\$3,236	\$3,110	\$2,983	\$3,071	\$3,051	\$2,958	\$2,818
Unrestricted	588	491	442	423	483	525	469	419	0	202
Total business-type activities net position	\$3,800	\$3,650	\$3,596	\$3,659	\$3,593	\$3,508	\$3,540	\$3,470	\$2,958	\$3,325
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$118,614	\$121,975	\$129,854	\$136,500	\$139,944		\$141,405	\$140,347	\$144,054	\$145,916
S Nonspendable	20,041	20,198	21,541	24,317	23,541		27,135	26,599	23,039	27,330
Restricted	116	217	312	279	329		480	547	2,943	628
Unrestricted	19,255	21,174	20,872	20,183	18,601		17,303	9,229	589	7,225
Total primary government net position	\$158,026	\$163,564	\$172,579	\$181,279	\$182,415	\$182,892	\$186,323	\$176,722	\$170,625	\$181,099

CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 1,949,905	\$ 1,936,810	\$ 2,068,752	\$ 2,032,773	\$ 2,206,779	\$ 2,439,331	\$ 2,276,930	\$ 4,097,380	\$ 2,801,225	\$ 2,748,439
Public safety	4,802,816	5,616,605	5,890,361	6,355,308	6,923,478	7,227,242	7,290,465	5,899,643	8,245,995	8,566,917
Public works	2,198,822	2,951,318	3,077,068	3,078,924	2,978,015	3,239,199	3,393,308	3,666,985	3,377,640	3,445,146
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,572,995	1,849,567	1,858,898	1,778,405	2,188,839	2,462,796	2,630,547	2,355,007	2,828,177	2,946,836
Water and sewer services	2,199,983	2,188,552	2,174,151	2,289,895	2,382,284	3,465,896	2,711,305	2,237,426	2,832,563	2,900,224
Airport	3,492,213	2,925,011	2,641,049	•	3,520,577	4,071,061	4,126,256	4,188,728	3,518,240	3,718,663
Interest on long-term debt	•	•	•	100,963	101,973	100,286	26,76	95,599	92,947	89,548
Social welfare services	598,497	604,021	592,512	627,053	688,467	735,695	764,903	683,025	876,393	887,260
Total governmental activities expenses	16,815,231	18,071,884	18,302,791	16,263,321	20,990,412	23,741,506	23,291,711	23,223,793	24,573,180	25,303,033
Business-type activities -										
Senior housing	369,565	414,869	383,585	406,950	437,943	417,368	436,635	454,429	425,986	497,633
Total primary government expenses	\$ 17,184,796	\$ 18,486,753	\$ 18,686,376	\$ 16,670,271	\$ 21,428,355	\$ 24,158,874	\$ 23,728,346	\$ 23,678,222	\$ 24,999,166	\$ 25,800,666
© Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 145,697	\$ 612,908	\$ 527,144	\$ 462,713	\$ 395,389	\$ 746,088	\$ 423,213	\$ 421,241	\$ 346,625	\$ 991,000
Public safety	417,328	303,122	364,957	560,938	511,855	508,238	490,679	360,893	575,406	515,321
Public works	522,968	277,425	139,212	159,821	88,904	95,948	109,243	75,585	57,451	44,816
Parks, recreation, and cultural	206,615	350,708	264,128	281,098	308,624	373,406	584,368	670,565	680,232	698,805
Water and sewer services	1,789,965	1,796,459	1,752,854	1,774,376	1,862,807	2,193,650	2,296,383	2,485,588	2,612,383	2,766,181
Airport	1,388,440	1,421,325	1,363,671	1,543,493	1,728,173	1,793,571	1,881,848	1,977,259	1,993,493	2,013,421
Social welfare services	127,746	74,644	97,611	103,870	109,051	114,492	81,482	93,728	96,913	98,539
Operating grants and contributions	1,982,816	1,996,377	2,109,637	1,938,335	2,715,647	3,018,480	2,816,810	2,175,350	2,015,450	1,473,514
Capital grants and contributions	7,545,119	4,781,161	9,892,148	8,604,886	4,986,606	3,549,973	4,799,694	2,424,814	7,166,204	5,642,845
Total governmental activities program revenues	14,126,694	11,614,129	16,511,362	15,429,530	12,707,056	12,393,846	13,483,720	10,685,023	15,544,157	14,244,442

Business-type activities: Charges for services - Senior housing	299,563	321.045	323,105	289.336	322,355	326.940	346,435	365,450	382.330	386.708
Operating grants and contributions	2,342	3,004	1,335	2,087	23,189	2,900	4,940	16,482	2,077	1,780
Total business-type activities program revenues	301,905	324,049	324,440	291,423	345,544	334,840	351,375	381,932	384,407	388,488
Total primary govemment program revenues	\$ 14,428,599	\$ 11,938,178	\$ 16,835,802	\$ 15,720,953	\$ 13,052,600	\$ 12,728,686	\$ 13,835,095	\$ 11,066,955	\$ 15,928,564	\$ 14,632,930
Net (expenses)/revenue: Governmental activities	\$ (2.688.537)	\$ (6,457,755)	\$ (1,791,429)	\$ (4.126.612)	\$ (8.283,356)	\$ (11,347,660)	\$ (9.807,991)	\$ (12,538,770)	\$ (9.029.023)	\$ (11,058,591)
Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	(67,660)	(90,820)				(82,528) (11,430,188)		(72,497) \$ (12,611,267)		(109,145) \$ (11,167,736)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities: Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 2,347,063	\$ 2,694,872	\$ 2,614,768	\$ 2,613,756	\$ 2,657,670	\$ 2,898,103	\$ 3,155,662	\$ 3,656,927	\$ 3,782,538	\$ 3,919,797
Sales taxes	5,196,046	5,372,499	5,561,970	6,260,403	6,576,657	6,587,575	6,669,426	7,257,451	7,247,938	6,715,501
Sales of capital assets	5,473,871	166,411	11,183							
Investment earnings	1,910,080	1,213,186	2,666,417	3,889,899	250,920	2,422,905	3,494,763	789,523	695'009	2,344,330
Other			6,054					•		
Transfers	31,500	88,044	•				(112,044)			
Write off of NPO/OPEB		1,211,646								
Write off of Soil Contamination Liability		1,400,000								
8 Total governmental activities	14,958,560	12,146,658	10,860,392	12,764,058	9,485,247	11,908,583	13,207,807	11,703,901	11,631,045	12,979,628
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings (loss)	30,371	24,672	4,896	3,642	2,436	(1,826)	5,062	2,533	3,880	1,822
Insurance settlement	•	•	•	175,000	24,012	•				
Transfers	(31,500)	(88,044)	•	•	•	•	112,044	•	•	(248)
Write off of NPO/OPEB		3,634	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Total business-type activities	(1,129)	(59,738)	4,896	178,642	26,448	(1,826)	117,106	2,533	3,880	1,274
Total primary government	\$ 14,957,431	\$ 12,086,920	\$ 10,865,288	\$ 12,942,700	\$ 9,511,695	\$ 11,906,757	\$ 13,324,913	\$ 11,706,434	\$ 11,634,925	\$ 12,980,902
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities	\$ 12,270,023	\$ 5,688,903	\$ 9,068,963	\$ 8,637,446	\$ 1,201,891	\$ 560,923	\$ 3,399,816	\$ (834,869)	\$ 2,602,022	\$ 1,921,037
Business-type activities Total primary povernment	(68,789)	(150,558)	(54,249)	\$ 8 700 561	(65,951)	(84,354)	31,846	(69,964)	(37,699)	(107,871)
	,	0,000,0	2,000							

Table III

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Total
2008	\$2,347,063	\$5,196,046	\$7,543,109
2009	2,694,872	5,372,499	8,067,371
2010	2,614,768	5,561,970	8,176,738
2011	2,613,756	6,260,403	8,874,159
2012	2,657,670	6,576,657	9,234,327
2013	2,898,103	6,587,575	9,485,678
2014	3,155,662	6,669,426	9,825,088
2015	3,656,927	7,257,451	10,914,378
2016	3,782,538	7,247,938	11,030,476
2017	3,919,797	6,715,501	10,635,298

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

2017	- \$	- 000	020,039	6,840,662	2,381,786	697,159	\$ 10,548,206		· \$			•		1		27,329,954		1,166,183		7,350,294	\$ 35,846,431
2016	- ₩	- 200 007	200,937	409,746	1,409,610	8,009,807	\$ 10,418,100		· \$	1		•	•	1		25,980,434		1,082,505		6,528,265	\$ 33,591,204
2015	₩	- 27.8	240,700	409,746	1,497,756	7,937,025	\$ 10,391,233		· \$,				26,599,473		901,298		5,648,280	\$ 33,149,051
2014	· · ·	- 000	400,230	409,746	1,518,184	7,493,858	9			•		•	•	•		27,135,180		743,653		5,448,969	\$ 33,327,802
2013	· ·	- 400	400,004	521,790	1,580,579	7,382,747	\$ 9,893,650		· ·	1		•	•	1		24,862,079		2,531,665		5,357,223	\$ 32,750,967
2012		- 000	329, 104	1,021,790	1,464,159	9,130,415	11,945,528		•	1		•	•	1		23,540,934		516,440		5,035,969	\$ 29,093,343
2011 *	٠	- 070	2/9,400	1,070,290	859,454	9,817,634	12,026,864 \$		٠	ı		,		,		24,318,092		2,164,498		4,846,735	31,329,325
2010	7	12,027,857		•	1	1	12,156,066		32,278 \$	21,541,598		5,263,203	6,054	3,995,084				1		'	30,838,217
2009	115,125 \$	11,5/0,484		•	•	'	11,685,609			19,981,306		5,776,646		2,254,439		•		1		' 	\$ 28,062,145
2008	\$ 1,083,083 \$	9,921,136	•	•	1	'	\$ 11,004,219 \$		\$ 150,004 \$	19,909,589		7,012,509		1,855,592		1		1		'	\$ 28,927,694
	•					•			•											•	
General Fund:	Reserved	Unreserved	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	Total General Fund	All other governmental funds:	Reserved - other funds	Reserved - permanent funds	Unreserved, reported in:	Special revenue funds	Debt service funds	Capital projects funds	8 Nonspendable -	Permanent funds	Committed -	Capital projects funds	Assigned -	Special revenue funds	Total all other governmental funds

* Implemented GASB 54 in FY2011, which resulted in a change in how fund balance was presented.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

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TABLE VI

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year Ended	Total	Property	Sales
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	<u>Tax</u>
2008	\$7,527,758	\$2,331,712	\$5,196,046
2009	8,101,263	2,728,764	5,372,499
2010	8,163,558	2,601,588	5,561,970
2011	8,889,727	2,629,324	6,260,403
2012	9,215,440	2,638,783	6,576,657
2013	9,501,209	2,913,634	6,587,575
2014	9,831,956	3,162,530	6,669,426
2015	10,914,378	3,656,927	7,257,451
2016	11,030,477	3,782,539	7,247,938
2017	10,635,298	3,919,797	6,715,501

Table VII

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY CURRENT FISCAL YEAR

Administrative, Waste Management,	\$	1,204,521
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	•	144,880
Arts and Entertainment		499,561
Construction Contracting		1,070,129
Educational Services		217,698
Finance and Insurance		607,007
Guiding Land		368,627
Guiding Water		45,939
Health Care and Social Assistance		8,581,661
Hotel/Motel/Bed & Breakfast		6,885,607
Information		1,960
Manufacturing		861,048
Mining/Quarrying		61,843
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services		3,813,494
Public Administration		3,650,748
Remediation Services		2,000
Rental Commercial Property		249,161
Rental Non-Residental Propery		1,477,100
Rental of Self-storage & Miniwarehouses		287,751
Rental Personal Property		330,680
Rental Residental Property		5,132,053
Restaurant/Bar		12,662,788
Retail Trade	1	60,065,346
Services		5,484,354
Telecommunications		2,696,753
Telecommunications - Cable		7,986
Transportation and Warehousing		480,852
Utilities		10,821,399
Wholesale Trade		3,498,913

Total <u>\$ 231,211,859</u>

City direct sales tax rate 3.00%

Source: The Kenai Peninsula Borough Sales Tax Department.

TABLE VIII

SALES TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Overlapping Rates	
		Kenai	
Fiscal Year	City of Kenai	Peninsula Borough	Total
2008	3.00 %	3.00 %	6.00 %
2009	3.00	3.00	6.00
2010	3.00	3.00	6.00
2011	3.00	3.00	6.00
2012	3.00	3.00	6.00
2013	3.00	3.00	6.00
2014	3.00	3.00	6.00
2015	3.00	3.00	6.00
2016	3.00	3.00	6.00
2017	3.00	3.00	6.00

Source: The Kenai Peninsula Borough Sales Tax Department.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Estimated Percentage of Personal Income *	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Debt F	Per Capita
2008	\$ -	0.00%	0.00%	\$	
2009	-	0.00%	0.00%		-
2010	2,000,000	0.64%	0.32%		281.69
2011	1,925,000	0.69%	0.29%		271.13
2012	1,850,000	0.64%	0.28%		256.30
2013	1,775,000	0.50%	0.21%		238.19
2014	1,695,000	0.44%	0.21%		227.46
2015	1,615,000	0.42%	0.19%		216.72
2016	1,530,000	0.39%	0.18%		202.17
2017	1,445,000	0.35%	0.17%		186.57

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA

TABLE X

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT JUNE 30, 2017

Name of Governmental Unit	Net Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Percentage Applicable to this Governmental <u>Unit (1)</u>	City of Kenai's Share <u>of Debt</u>
Direct debt - City of Kenai, Alaska	<u>\$ 1,445,000</u>	100.00%	\$ 1,445,000
Overlapping debt: Kenai Peninsula Borough	42,195,000	11.11%	4,687,865
Central Peninsula Hospital Total overlapping debt	53,012,000 95,207,000	16.05%	8,508,426 13,196,291
Total Direct and Overlapping	\$ 96,652,000		<u>\$ 14,641,291</u>

Source: The Kenai Peninsula Borough.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Kenai.

^{*} Personal income is estimated by using Kenai Peninsula Borough income to calculate per capita income and total income for City of Kenai.

^{**} Population data can be found on Table XII.

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by dividing the City's taxable assessed property values by those of the Borough.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt limit	\$ 98,827 \$119,838	\$ 119,838	\$126,104	\$131,828	\$131,890	\$147,795	\$160,891	\$165,677	\$173,745	\$173,745
applicable to limit	1		2,000	1,925	1,850	1,775	1,695	1,615	1,530	1,445
Legal debt margin	\$ 98,827	98,827 \$ 119,838	\$124,104	\$ 129,903	\$ 130,040	\$ 146,020	\$ 159,196	\$ 164,062	\$172,215	\$172,300

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2017

\$ 868,724	173,745 1,445	\$ 172,300
Assessed value	Debt limit, 20% of assessed value Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit	Legal debt margin

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Unemployment	Rate (1)	%09.7	7.80%	%08.6	10.00%	9.40%	8.40%	7.80%	%05'9	%06.9	%06.9
				School	Enrollment	9,250	9,256	9,145	9,148	9,083	9,065	8,932	8,974	8,935	8,939
ารula Borough (A)					Median Age	39.2	39.2	39.4	39.4	40.6	41.4	40.5	40.5	40.5	40.5
For the Kenai Peninsula Borough (A)										47,731					
	Personal	Income	(amount	expressed in	thousands)	\$ 2,200,284	2,202,627	2,310,507	2,499,496	2,680,425	2,770,796	2,917,537	2,917,537	2,917,537	2,917,537
					Population	53,655	54,796	55,582	56,405	56,884	57,147	57,477	58,059	58,059	58,506
Kenai				School	Enrollment	1,784	1,848	1,835	1,835	1,831	1,871	1,847	1,815	1,822	1,789
City of Kenai					Population	7,767	7,945	7,100	7,255	7,347	7,452	7,568	7,661	7,661	7,745
				Fiscal	Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Sources: The Bureau of Economic Analysis, the State of Alaska and the Kenai Peninsula Borough. **Note:** Information for prior years is revised yearly until a census is completed.

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(A) Data for the City of Kenai is not available, but should be comparable to this data which is for the Kenai Peninsula Borough. (1) Data is provided by the State of Alaska Department of Labor and is the average rate for the previous calendar year.

TABLE XIII

KENAI AREA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

With a 2009 change in Alaska Statute, specific employer information is no longer available.

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2017	,	1.60	1.90	2.00	4.75	19.60	19.00	8.00	3.00	2.00	1.75	10.84	8.10	8.65	91.19		2.91	7.76	6.97	7.28	24.92		0.52		0.00	0.00	0.00	116.63
2016		1.50	1.67	2.00	4.75	19.60	19.00	8.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	10.77	8.10	8.30	69.06	;	2.69	7.76	6.95	7.35	24.75		0.45		0.00	0.00	0.00	115.89
2015		1.50	1.67	2.00	4.75	19.60	19.00	8.00	2.90	1.50	2.00	10.79	8.10	8.06	89.87	:	2.46	7.76	6.95	7.35	24.52		0.45		0.00	0.50	0.50	115.34
2014		1.50	1.67	2.00	4.75	20.65	19.00	8.00	2.90	1.50	2.00	10.70	8.10	8.04	90.81	:	2.49	7.76	5.81	7.43	23.49		0.45		00.0	0.50	0.50	115.25
2013		1.50	1.67	2.00	4.75	20.88	19.00	8.00	2.90	1.50	2.08	11.64	8.45	9.60	93.97	;	0.00	92.9	5.43	6.97	19.16		0.35		0.00	0.50	0.50	113.98
2012		1.50	1.50	2.00	4.75	20.88	19.00	8.00	2.80	1.50	2.00	11.64	7.88	7.61	91.06	;	0.00	92.9	5.18	6.85	18.79		0.35		0.00	0.50	0.50	110.70
2011		1.50	1.50	2.00	3.75	20.88	19.00	8.00	2.80	2.00	2.00	11.64	89.9	6.9	88.74	;	0.00	92.9	5.18	69.9	18.63		0.35		0.00	0.00	0.00	107.72
2010		1.50	1.50	2.25	3.75	20.83	16.00	8.00	2.60	2.00	2.00	11.64	6.68	6.99	85.74	;	0.00	92.9	5.18	8.19	20.13		0.35		0.00	0.00	0.00	106.22
2009		1.50	1.50	2.00	3.75	19.83	16.00	8.00	2.60	2.00	2.00	11.64	6.55	6.99	84.36	;	0.00	92.9	5.18	8.19	20.13		0.35		0.00	0.00	0.00	104.84
2008		1.50	1.50	2.00	3.75	18.62	16.00	8.00	2.60	2.00	2.00	11.64	6.34	6.51	82.46	;	00.0	92.9	5.18	8.06	20.00		0.35		0.00	0.00	0.00	102.81
	General Fund	City Clerk	City Manager	Legal	Finance	Police	Fire	Dispatch	Animal Control	Public Works Administration	Planning	Maintenance	Library	ജ Parks & Recreation	General Fund Total	Special Revenue Funds	Personal Use Fishery	Water & Sewer Operations	Airport Operations	Senior Citizen Programs	Special Revenue Funds Total	Enterprise Fund	Congregate Housing	Internal Service Fund	Employee Health Care	Capital Project Management	Internal Service Funds Total	Total All Funds

Source: The City of Kenai Finance Department.

TABLE XV

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Function	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Public Safety Police Services: Police requests for service	7,120	7,626	7,385	7,665	8,297	8,314	8,197	7,840	7,926
Criminal arrests	970	1,103	926	894	1,138	1,041	924	813	784
Fire and Emergency Services: Number of calls responded to	1 469	1.599	1 230	1.328	1 212	153	1 226	1384	1.568
Inspections	256	289	232	319	239	268	157	118	150
Animal Control:									
Total Calls	10,697	7,811	6,619	6,695	6,549	7,197	A/N	A/N	A/N
Total requests for service	A/Z	√N V	Ϋ́Z	∀/Z	A/N	A/N	564	437	448
Animals Handled	1,571	1,417	1,476	1,673	1,631	1,429	1,188	1,004	928
Water and Wastewater									
Water Production Avg gallons									
per day	939,107	939,107 1,016,608	918,345	961,564	943,764	875,427	812,756	760,000	711,000
Wastewater Treatment Avg. gallons per day	575,500	569,916	528,667	470,417	540,583	566,417	527,250	487,200	463,583
Airport Passenger Enplanements	99,884	84,133	87,589	94,010	101,995	103,751	100,929	102,126	93,612

^{*} During calendar year 2010 the fire department transitioned to a new reporting system that no longer counts responses to the same incident from both fire stations as multiple calls. Elimination of this duplication gives the impression call volumes have reduced when in fact call volumes continue to increase at 8-10% annually.

Source: Various City Departments.

^{**} During 2014 the shelter lost the ability to track total calls but began tracking calls for service. Calls for service will be reported in future years.

CITY OF KENAI, ALASKA

TABLE XVI

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	62 62		2	←	080-0
	62		7	~	0 & 0 - 0
2014	62	10	7	~	0 & 0 - 0
<u>2013</u>	62	10 68	0	~	000-0
2012	62	10 68	8	~	0 0 0 - 0
2011	62	10 68	0	~	0 0 0 - 0
2010	62	10 68	N	~	0 0 0 - 0
2009	62	10 68	0	-	0 8 6 - 7
2008	62	10 68	7	~	0 L 01 - 01
	Miles of Streets Miles of Sewer:	Storm Sanitary	Fire Protection: Number of Stations	Police Protection: Number of Stations	Recreation: Number of Facilities: Parks Baseball and Softball Fields Soccer Fields Recreation Center Pedestrian Trails Cross Country Ski Trails

Source: Various City Departments.